

Using NASA's TriG Instrument for Space Weather, Weather and Climate

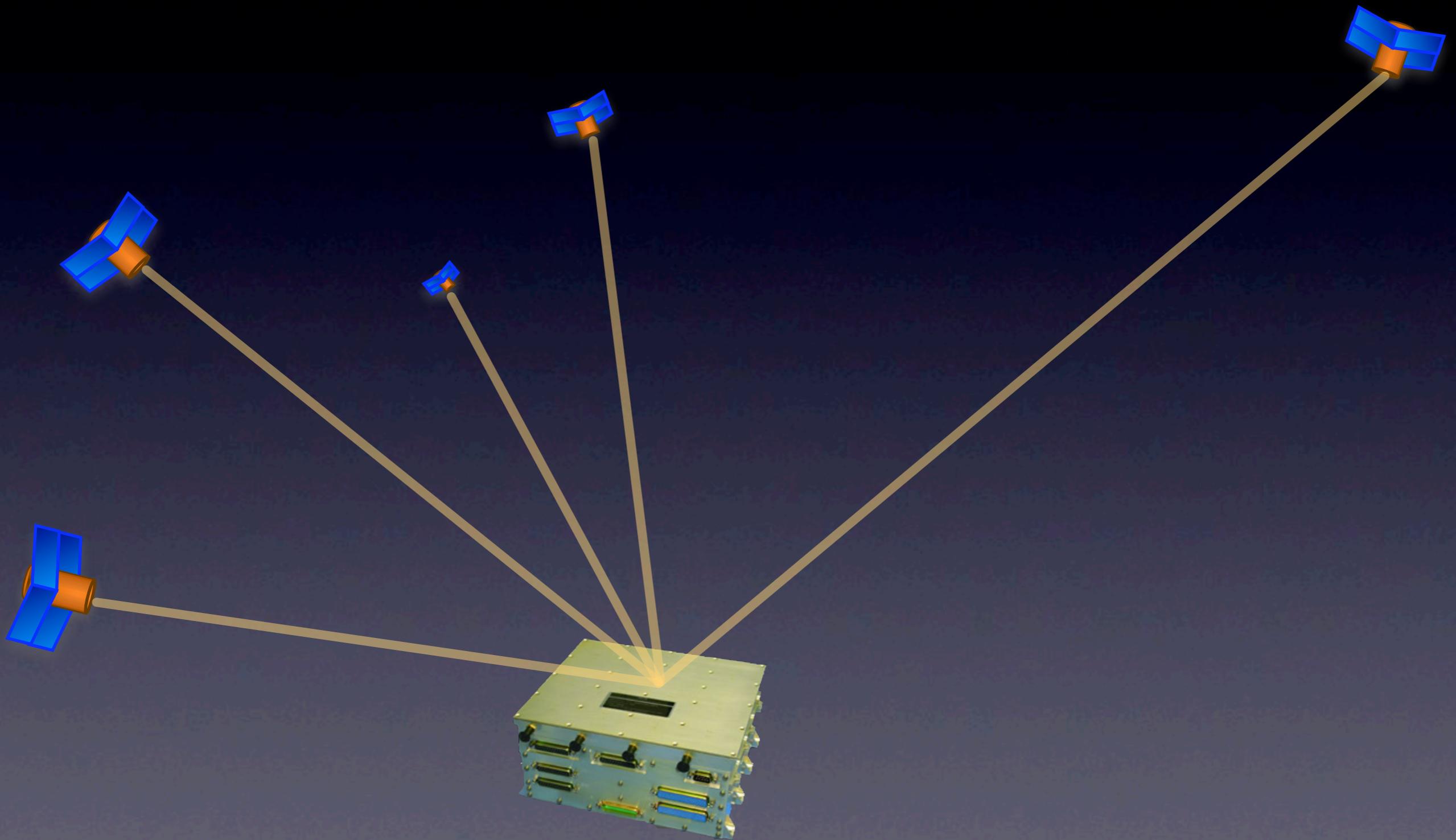
Tom Meehan, Stephan Esterhuizen, Garth Franklin, Jeff Tien & Larry Young
Jet Propulsion Laboratory
California Institute of Technology
Pasadena, CA USA

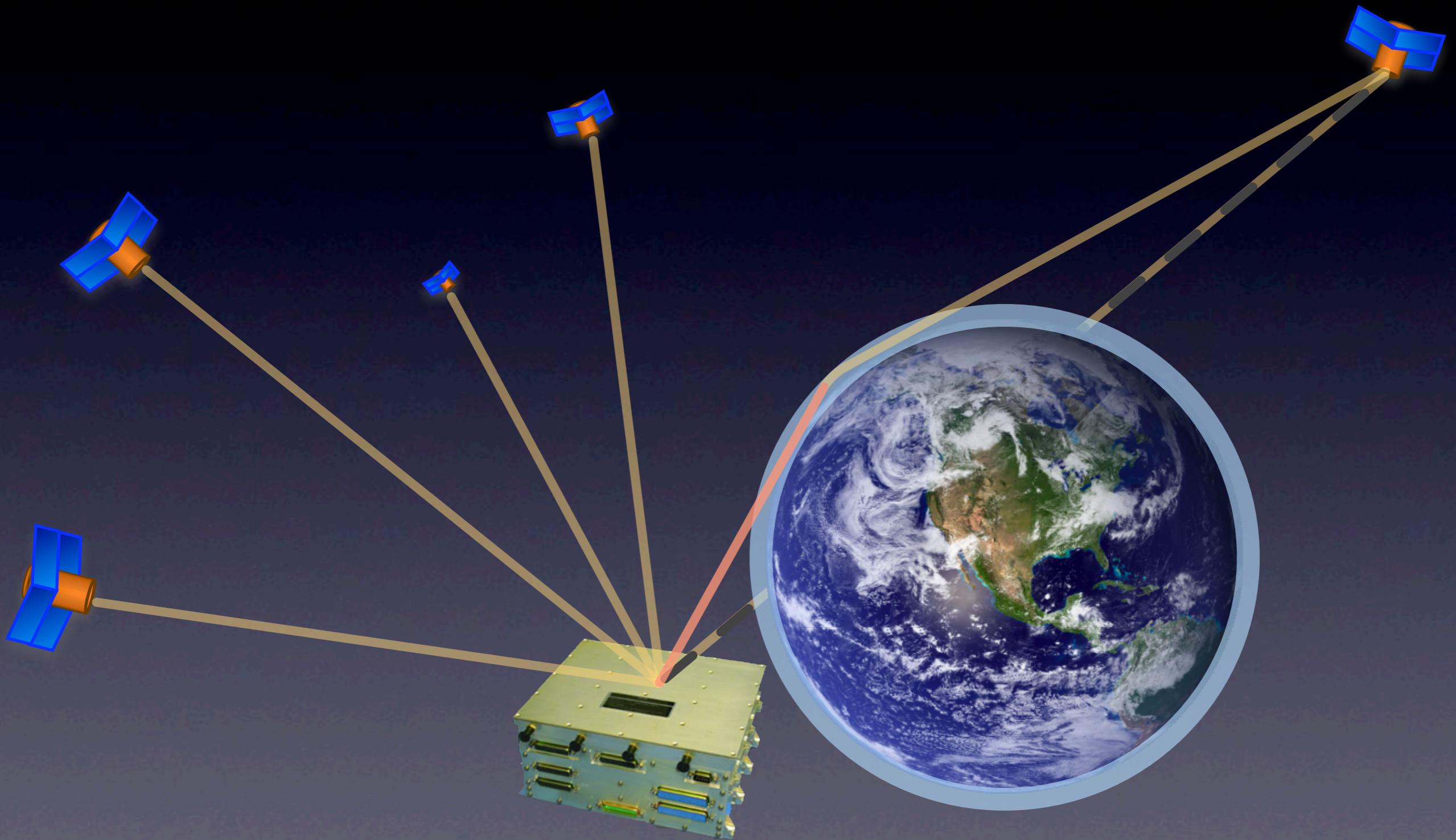
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Topics

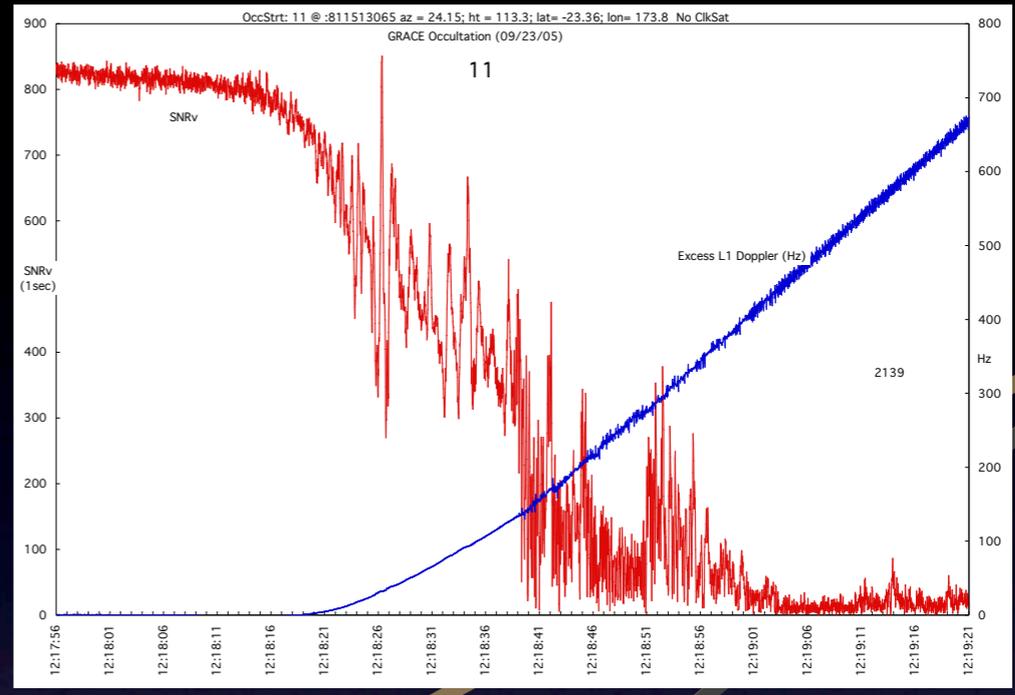
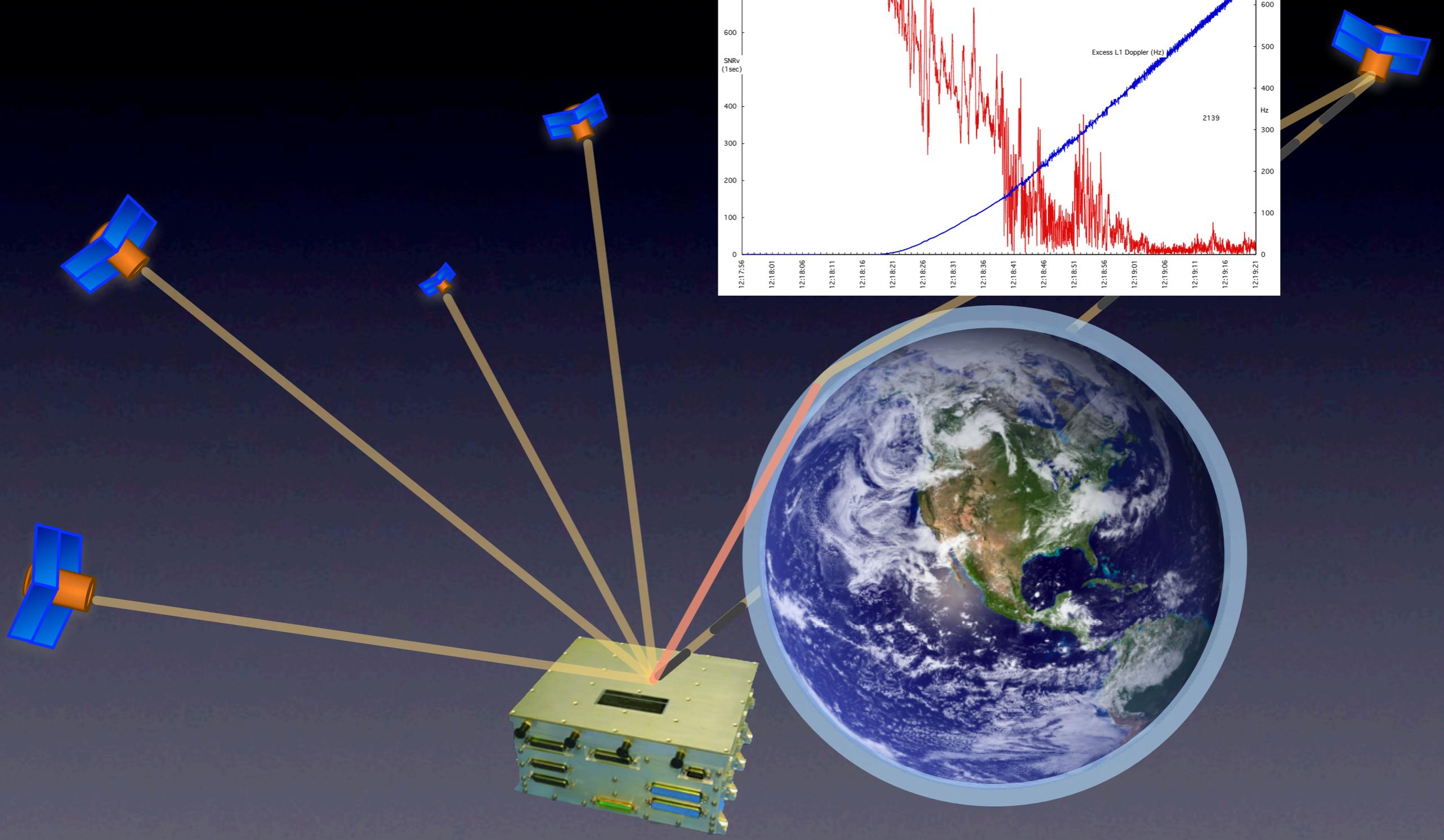


- A Brief Review of RO Tech
- The Thing We Build
- Requirements / Design Tradeoffs
- Three Sample Req's; Impact on TriG Design
- Additional Signal Processing

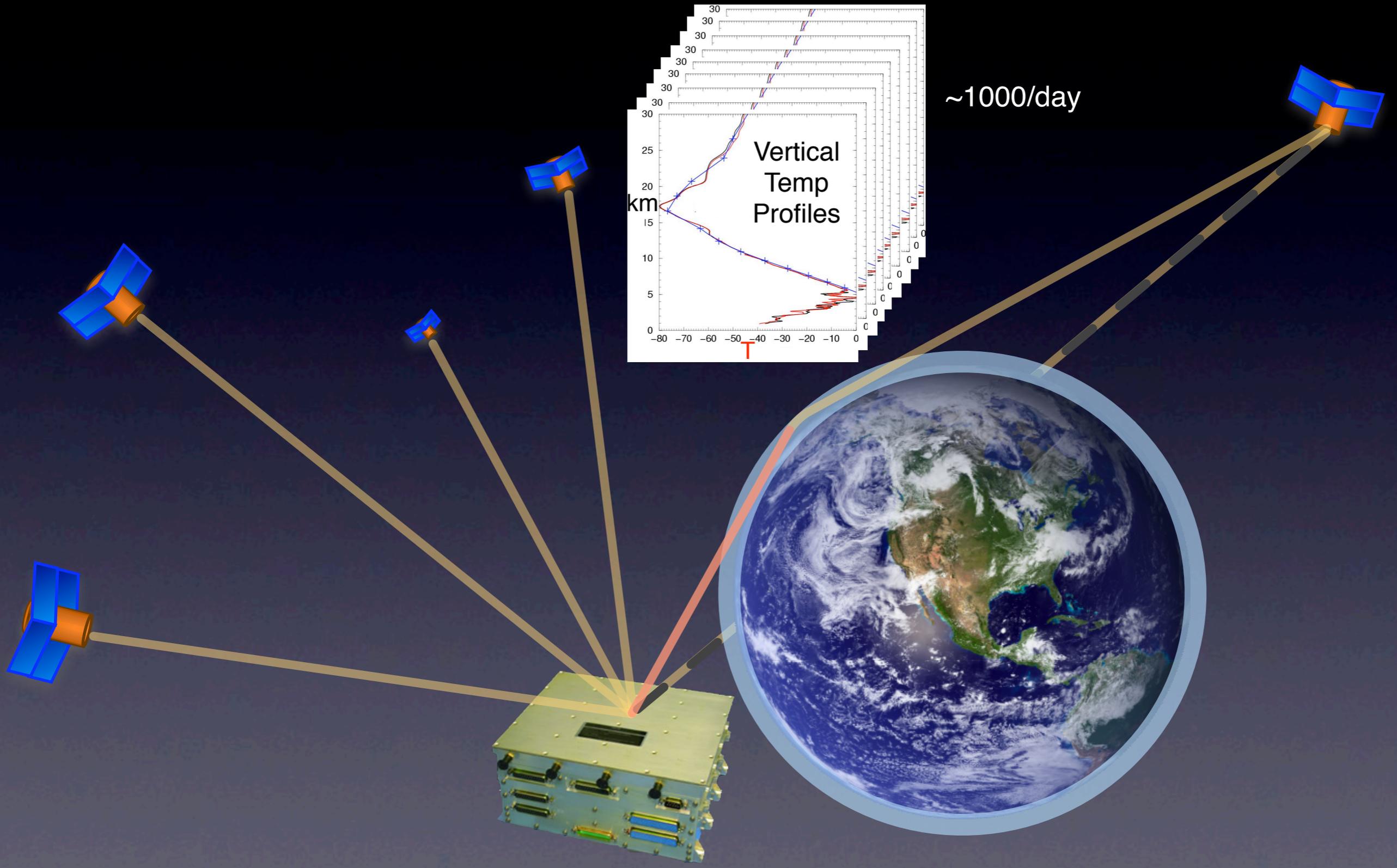




A Brief Review



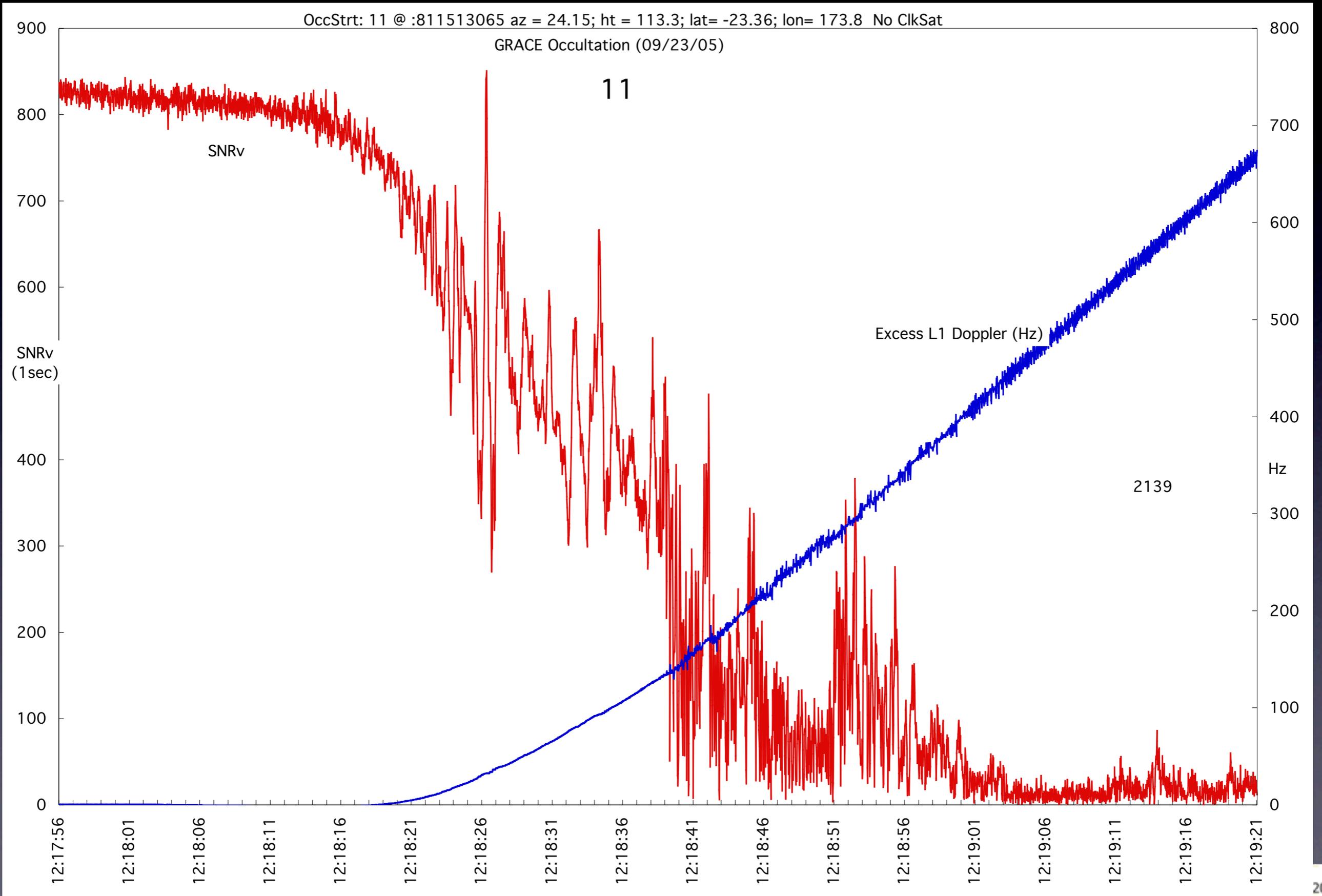
A Brief Review





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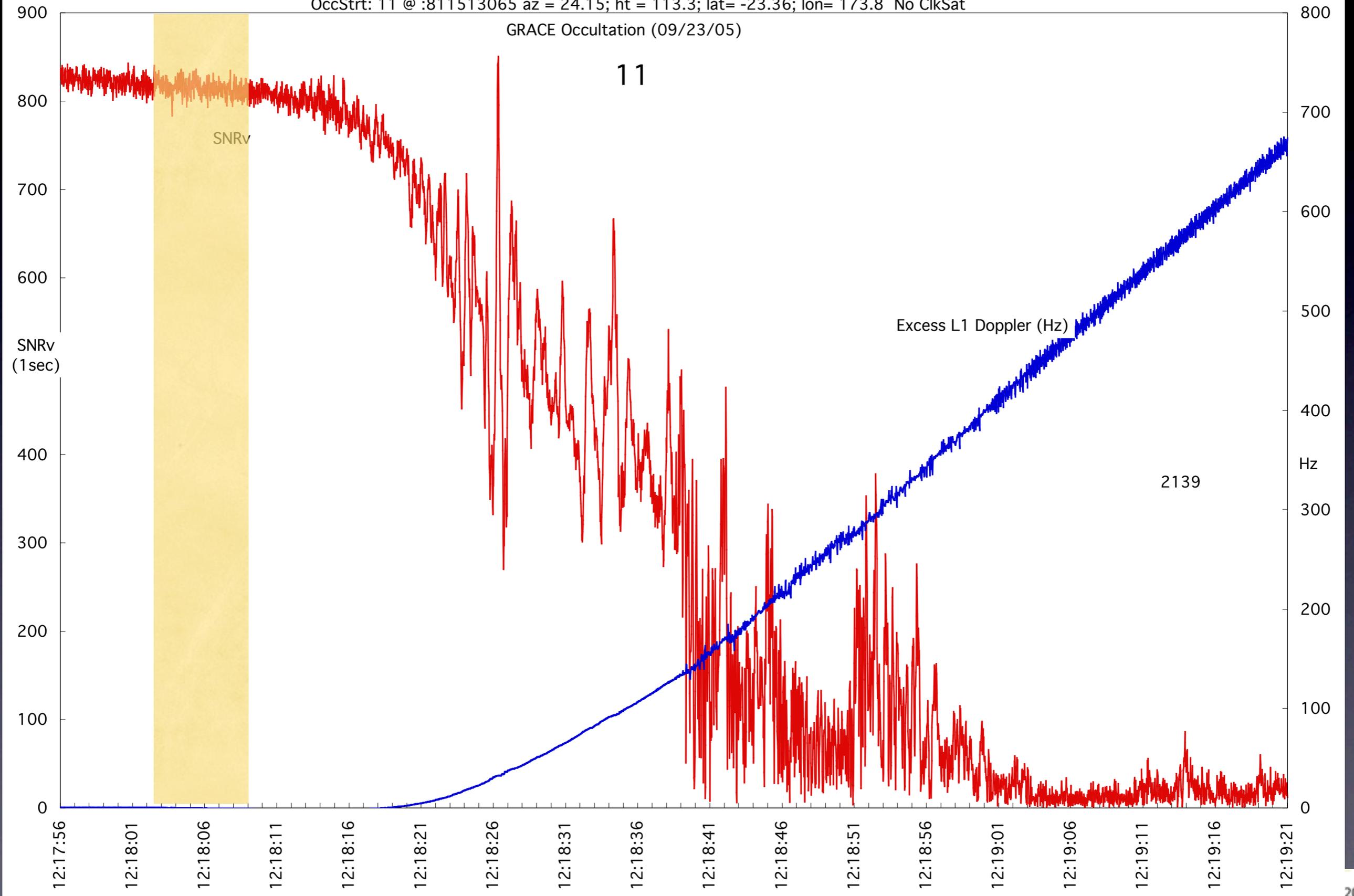
GRACE Occultation (09/23/05)





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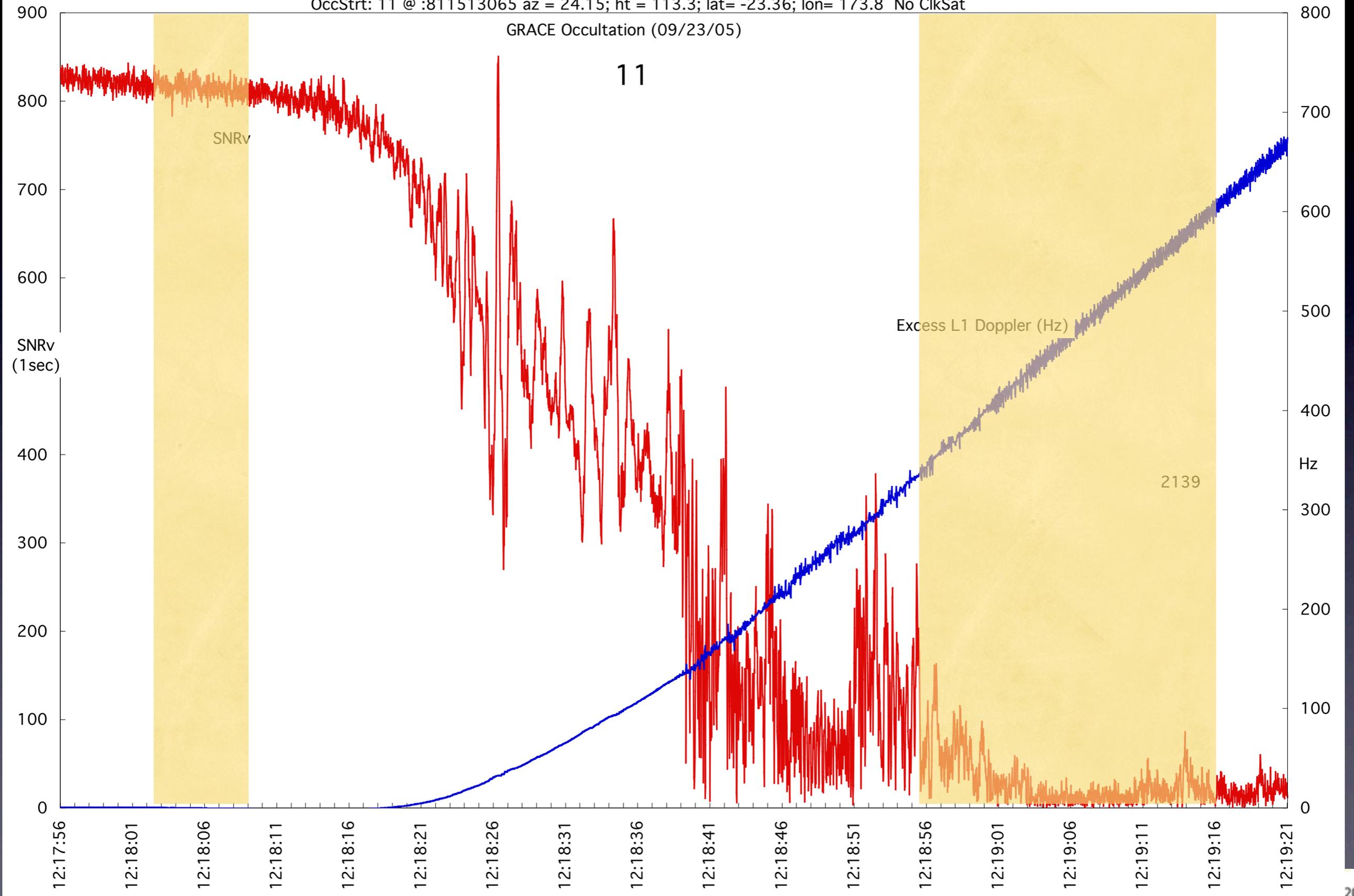




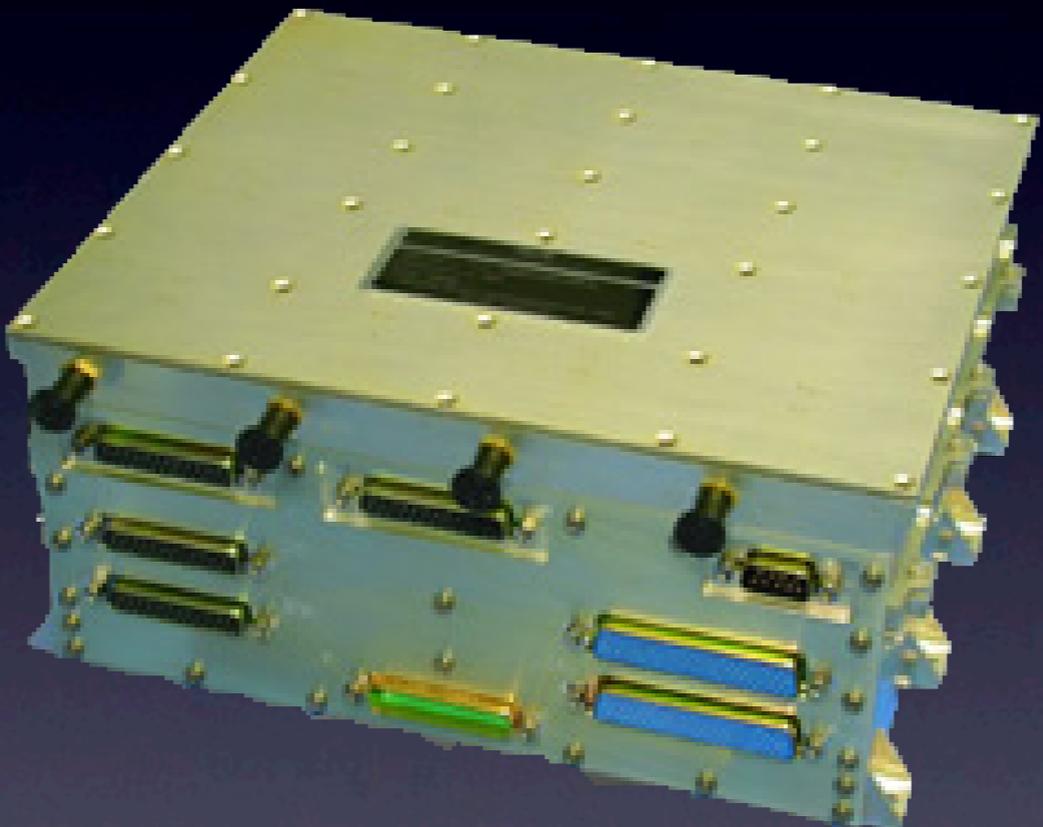
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GRACE Occultation (09/23/05)

11



The Thing We Build

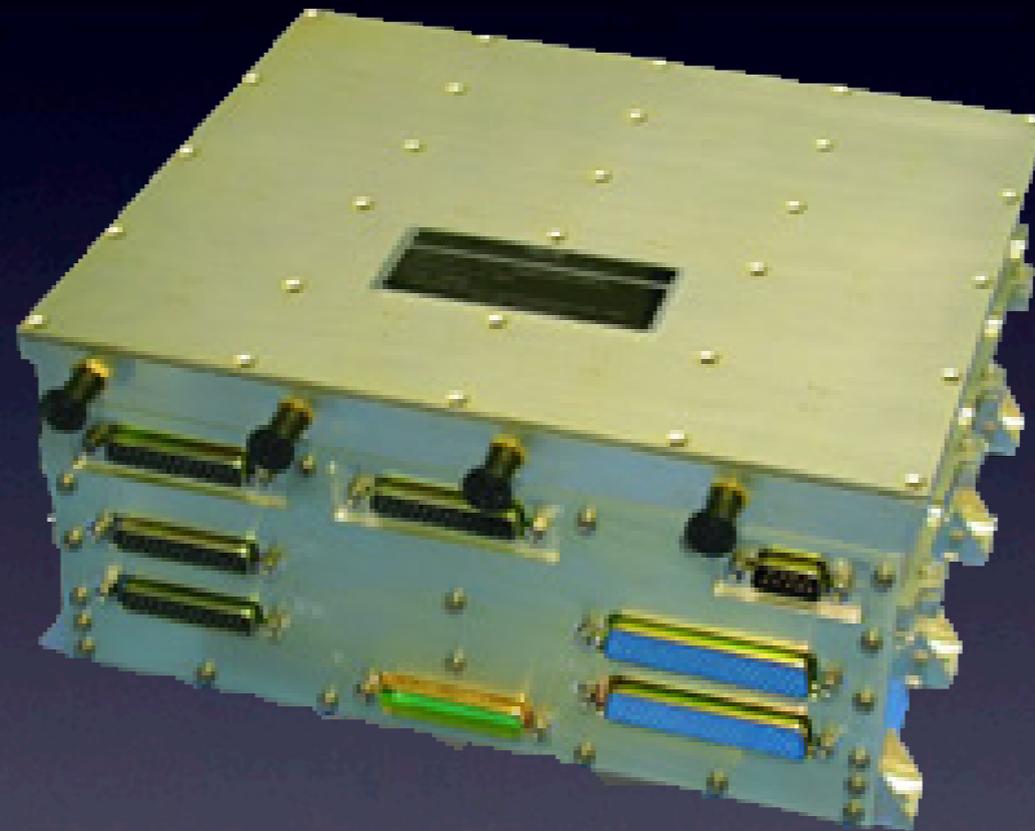


30x20x20 cm

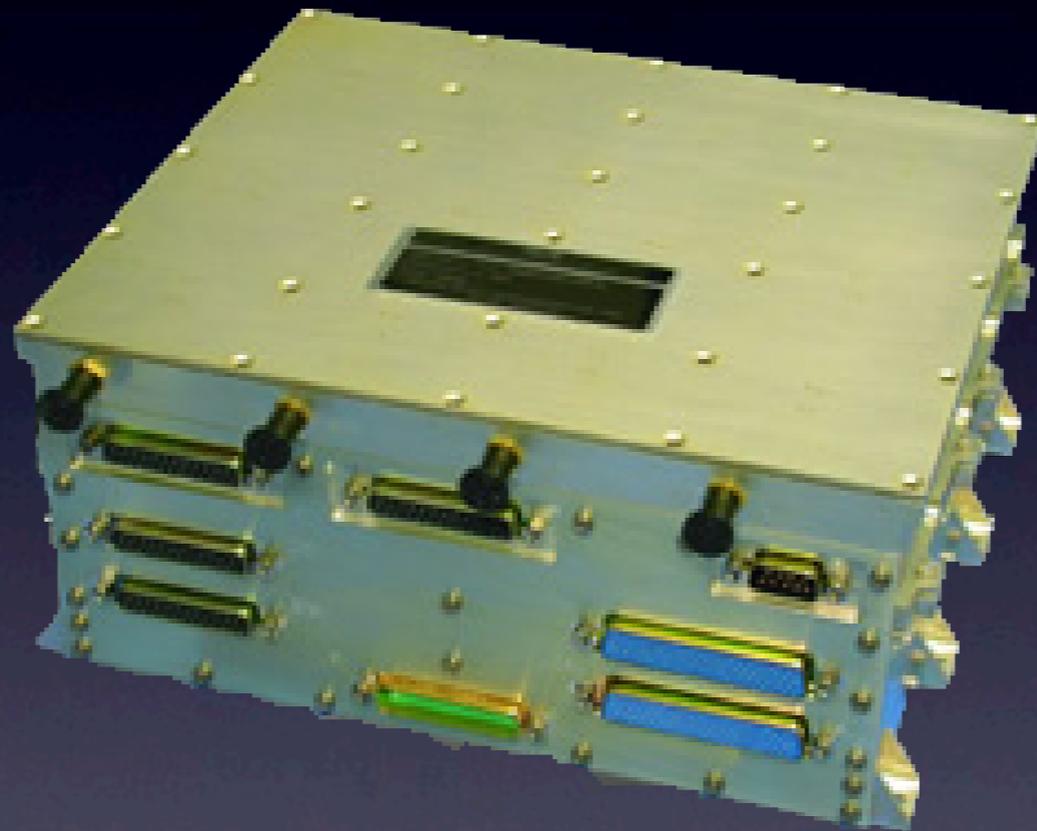
~35W...

50kRad

~6kg + Ants

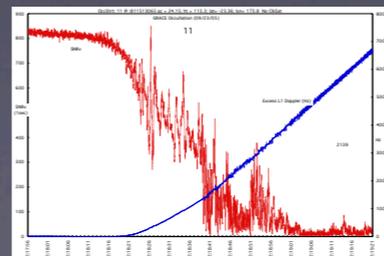
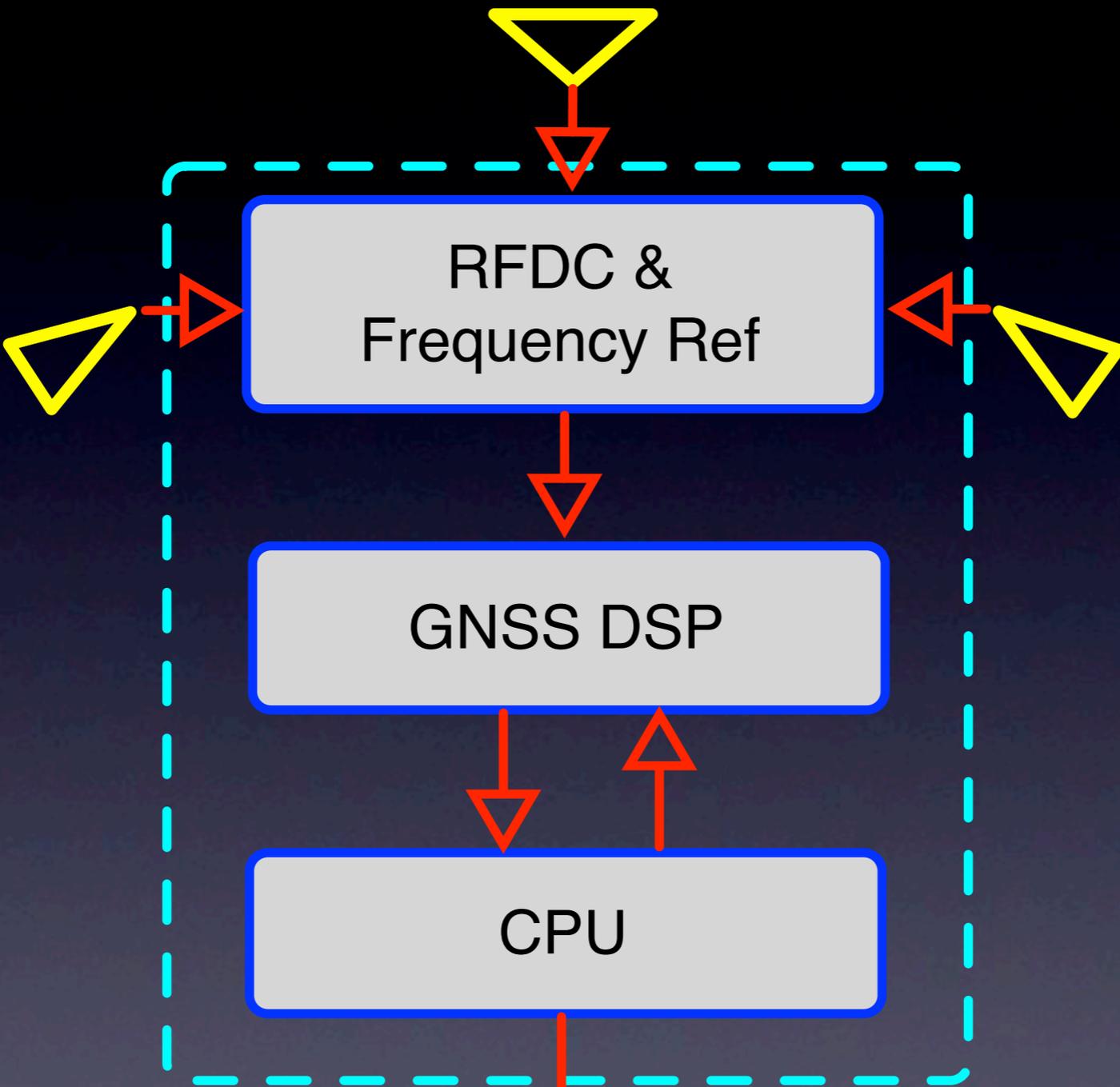


30x20x20 cm
~35W... < 50W
50kRad
~6kg + Ants



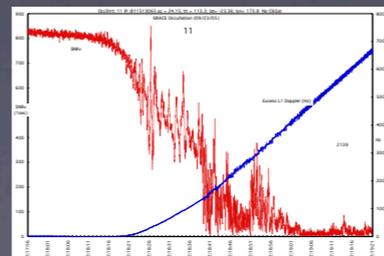
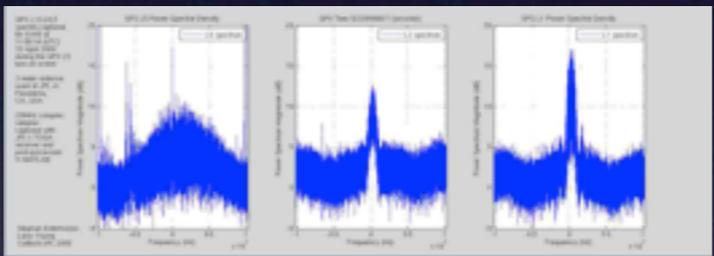
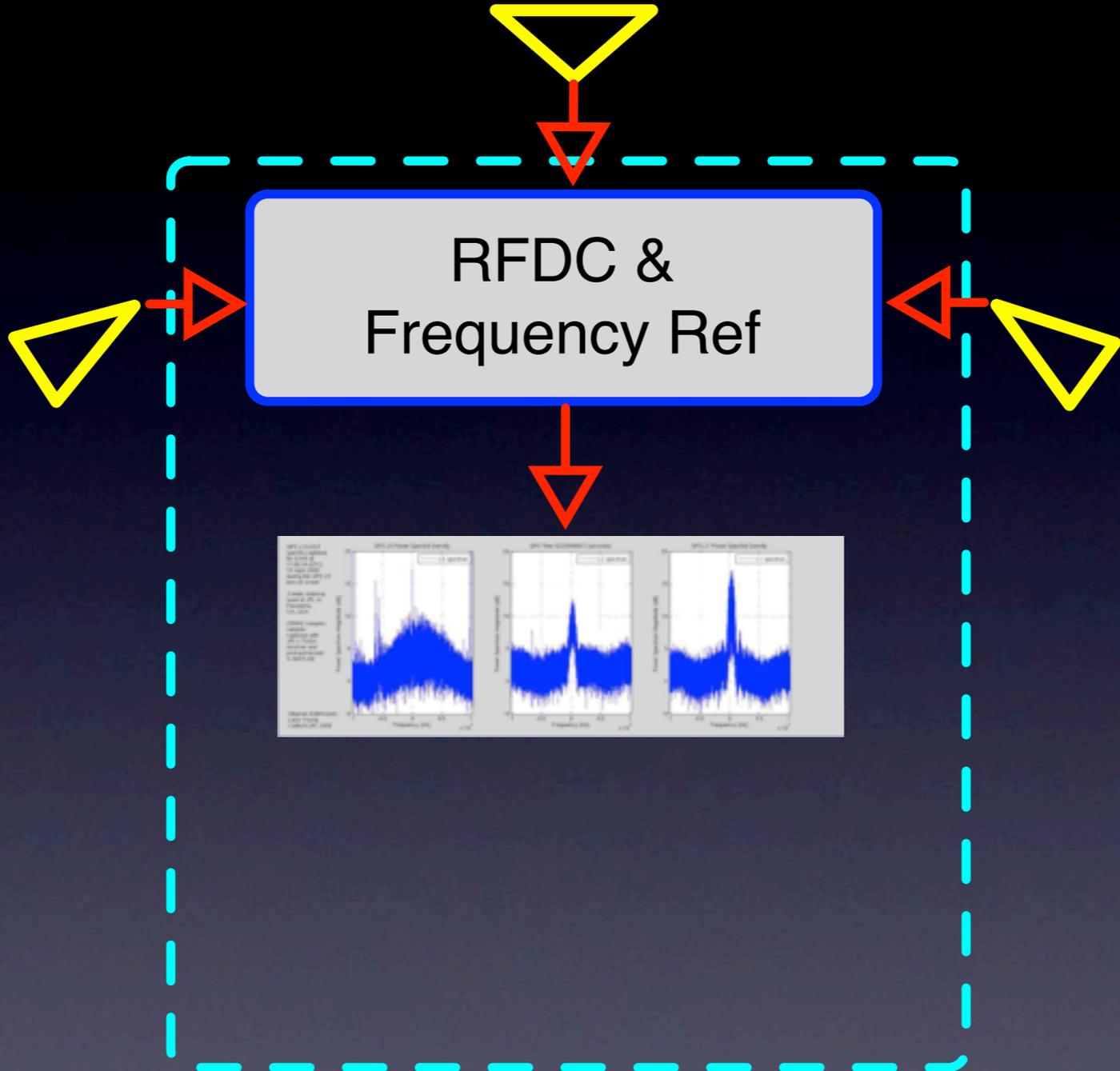
The Thing We Build

Generic RO Receiver



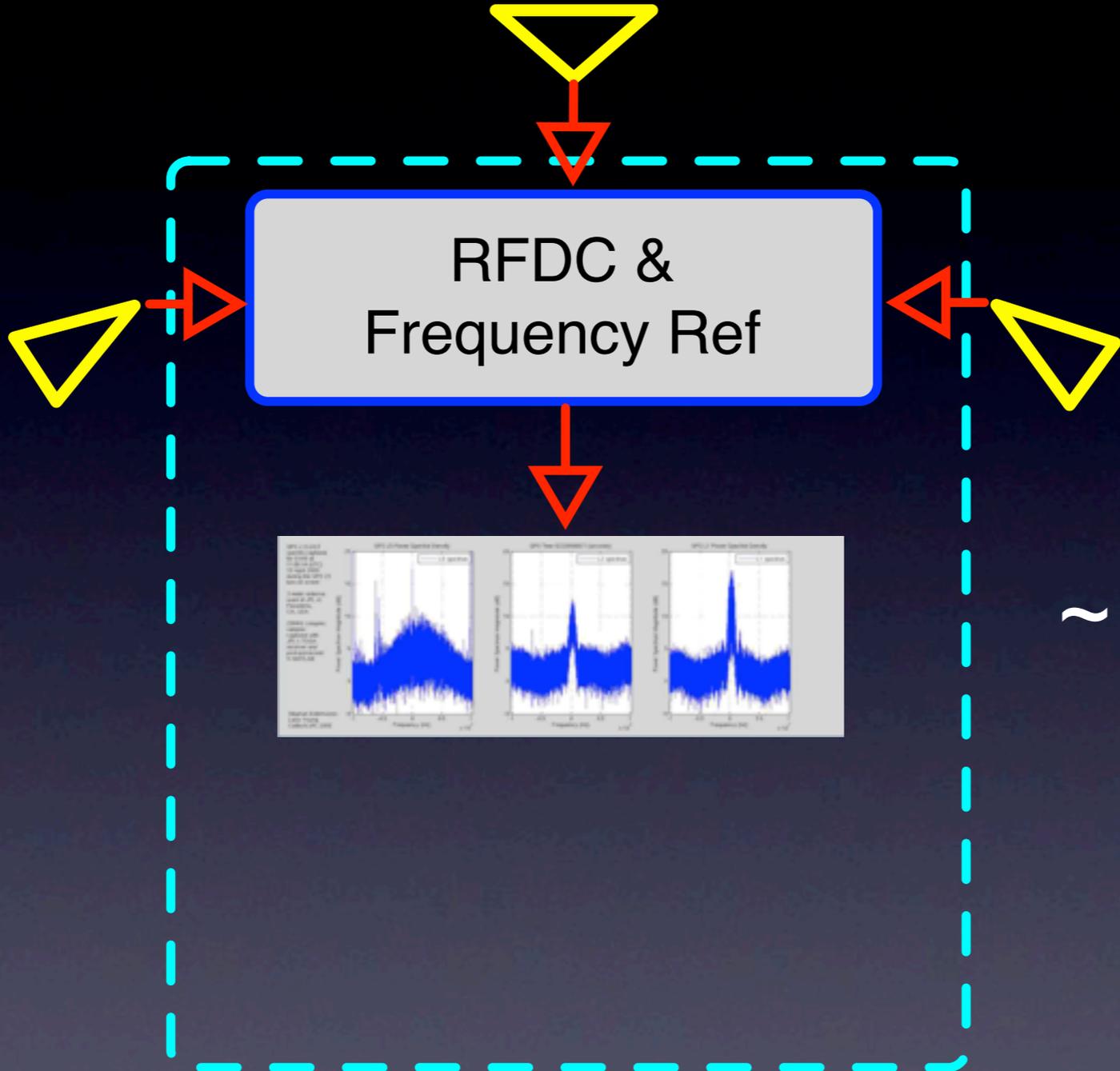
The Thing We Build

Generic RO Receiver

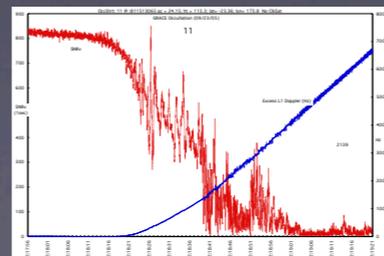


The Thing We Build

Generic RO Receiver



~ 1.8 TB/Day





Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS) Radio Occultation Follow-on Operational Capability

Level 1 Requirements Document - Preliminary

Version: 2.0 Final

May 27, 2010



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National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)
NOAA Satellite and Information Service (NESDIS)

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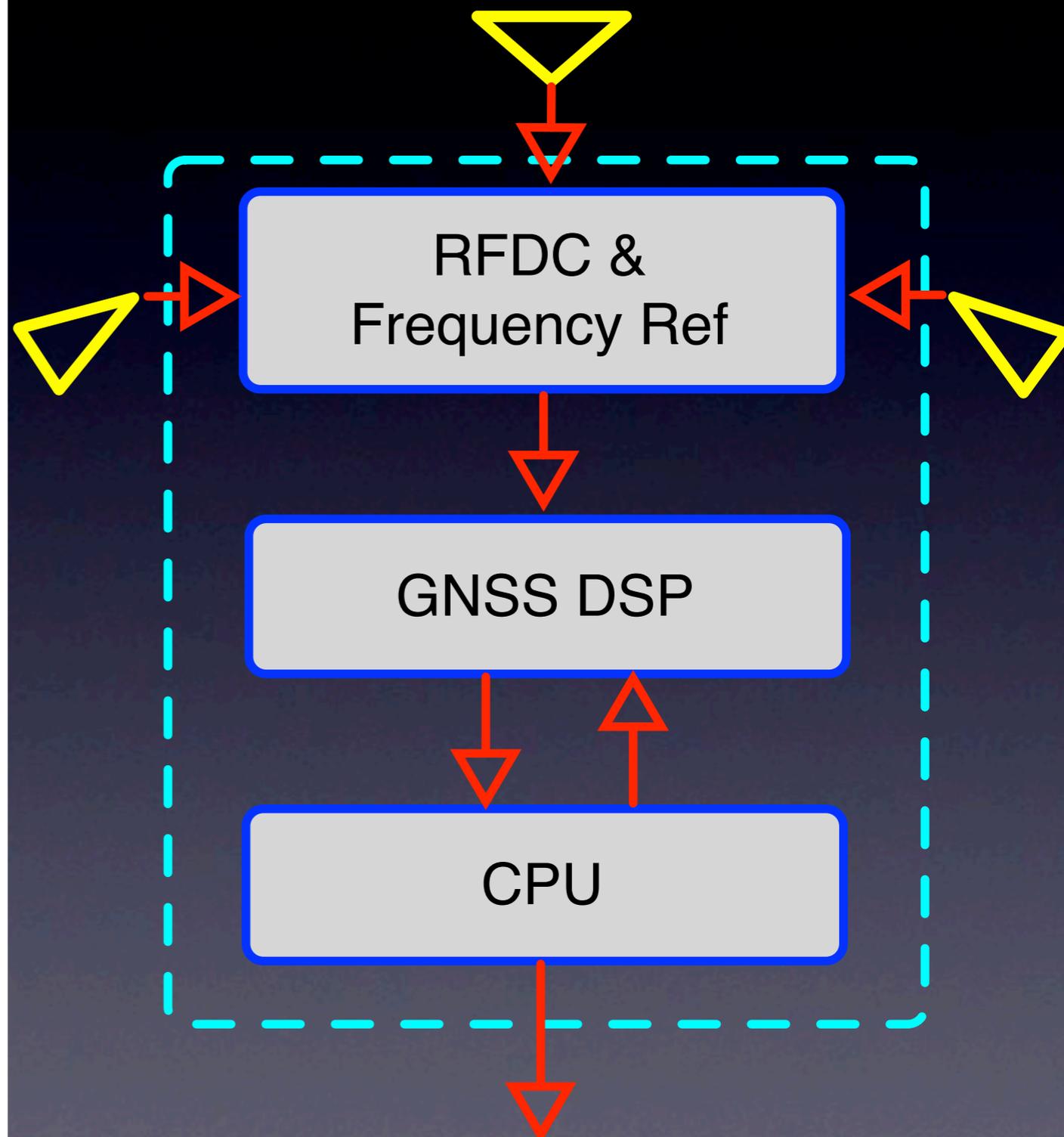
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Generic RO Receiver





Requirements vs Design Trades

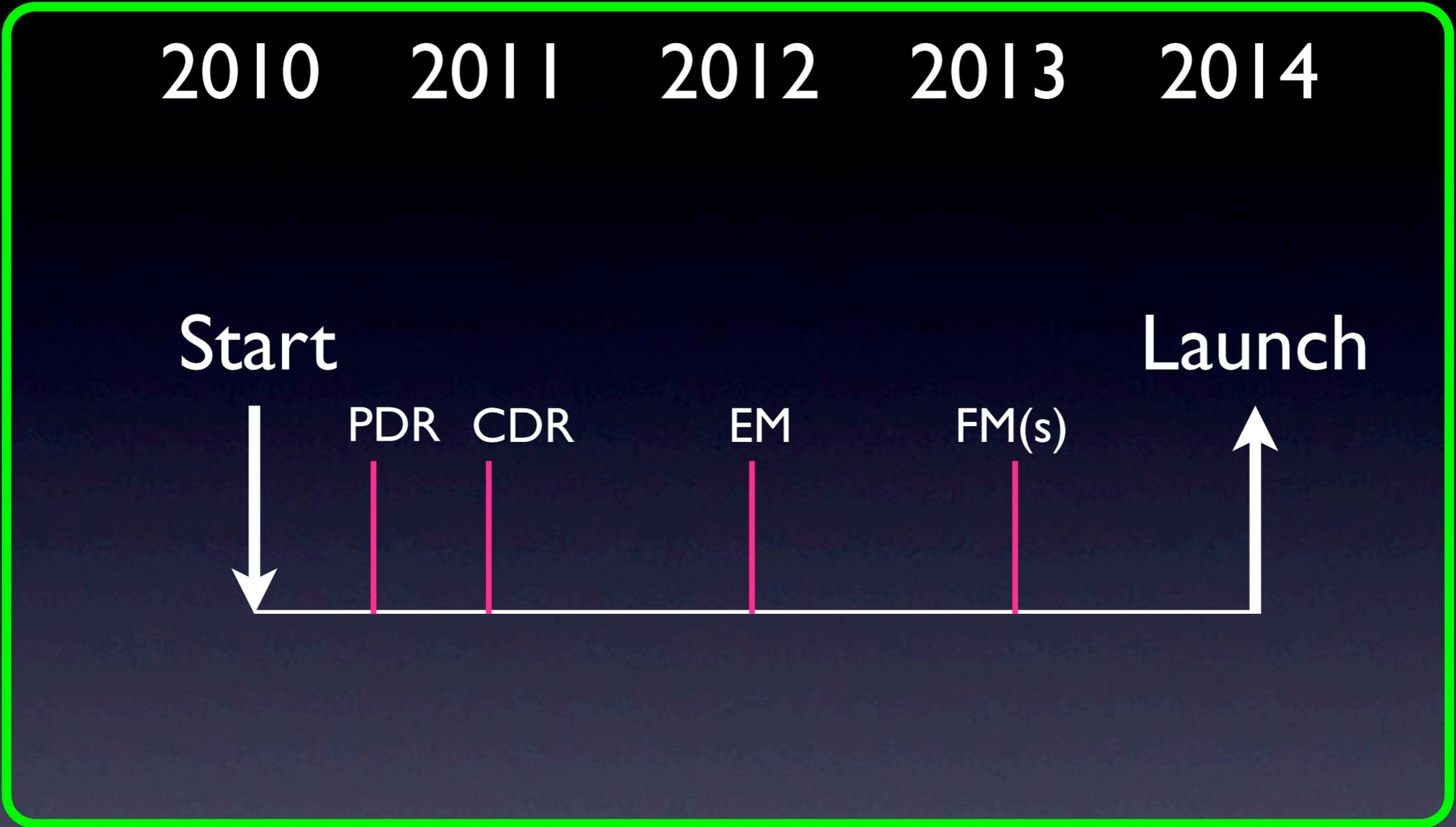
Requirements vs Design Trades

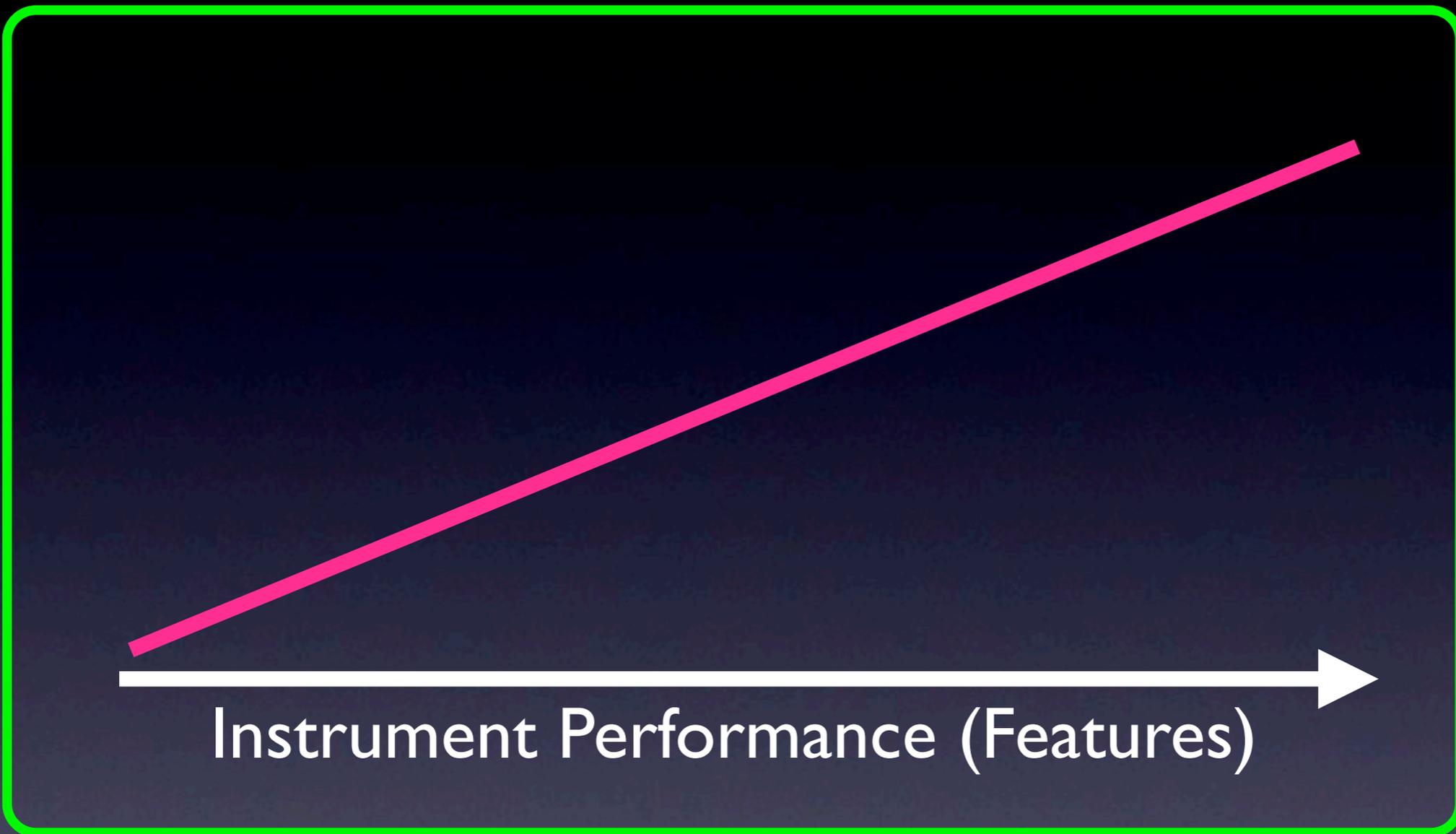


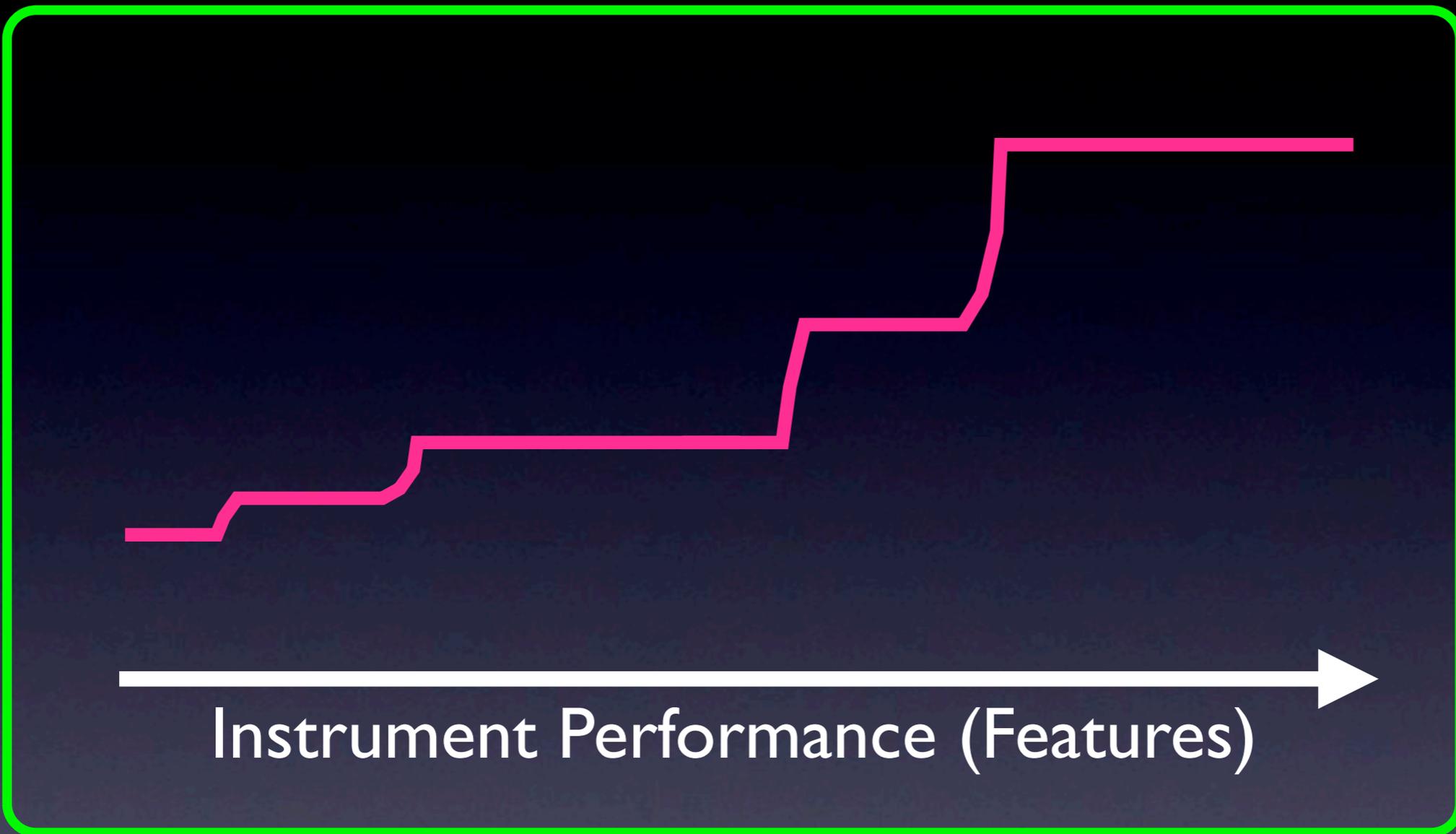
Requirements vs Design Trades



Task Schedule







Requirements Sampling

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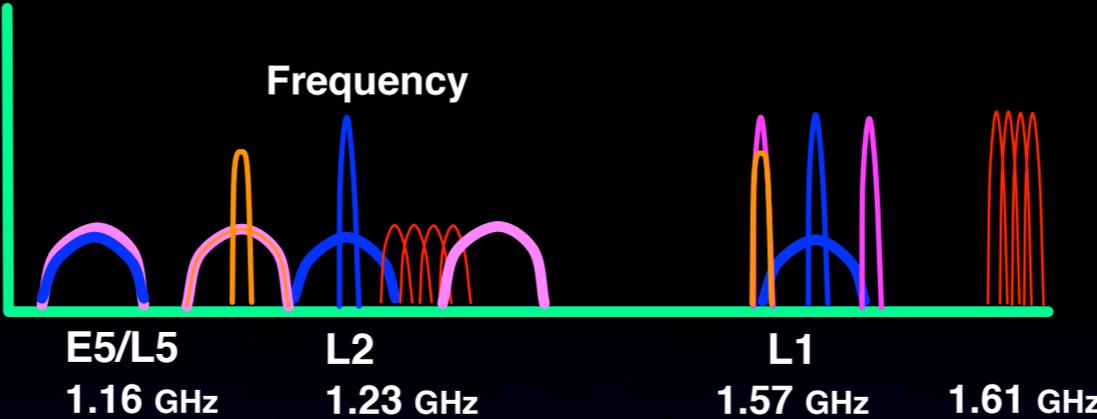
Requirements Sampling

Table 5-1: Neutral Atmosphere Product Requirements

Data Type	Threshold	Objective
Common Requirements for all Neutral Atmosphere Product Types		
5-1.1. a. Number of Profiles per day**	8,000	10,000
b. Corresponding avg. number/location/day	4	5
5-1.2. Vertical Data Resolution [km]		
a. Altitude Range 0 – 25 km MSL	0.1	0.1
b. Altitude Range 25 – 60 km MSL	1.0	1.0
5-1.3. Average Latency [minutes] Hi/Lo Inclination Orbits	45 / [TBD]	15 / [TBD]
5-1.4. Average Revisit Time*** [hours]	6	4.8
5-1.5. Refresh Time [hours]	TBD	TBD
Product-Specific Requirements		
Bending Angle Profiles*		
5-1.6. Measurement Range [Microradians- μ rad]	0-1,000	0-1,000
5-1.7. Measurement Uncertainty [RMS] [μ rad]	1.5	1
5-1.8. Height uncertainty [m] [sfc-100 km]	20	15
Refractivity Profiles		
5-1.9. Measurement Range [Refractivity-N units]	0-500	0-500
5-1.10. Measurement Uncertainty**** RMS [%Nunits]	1	0.7
5-1.11. Height uncertainty [m] [sfc-100 km]	20	15
Temperature Profiles		
5-1.12. Measurement Range [Temperature-deg K]	150-330	150-330
5-1.13. Measurement Uncertainty**** [RMS] [K]	0.6	0.4
5-1.14. Decadal Temperature Stability*****		
a. Height Range of Interest [km]	8-30	8-30
b. Measurement Range [K per decade]	0 - 1	0 - 1
c. Measurement Uncertainty [K per decade]	0.05	0.04
5-1.15. Height uncertainty [m] [sfc-100 km]	20	15
Water Vapor Profiles		
5-1.16. Measurement Range [hPa partial pressure]	0 - 50	0 - 50

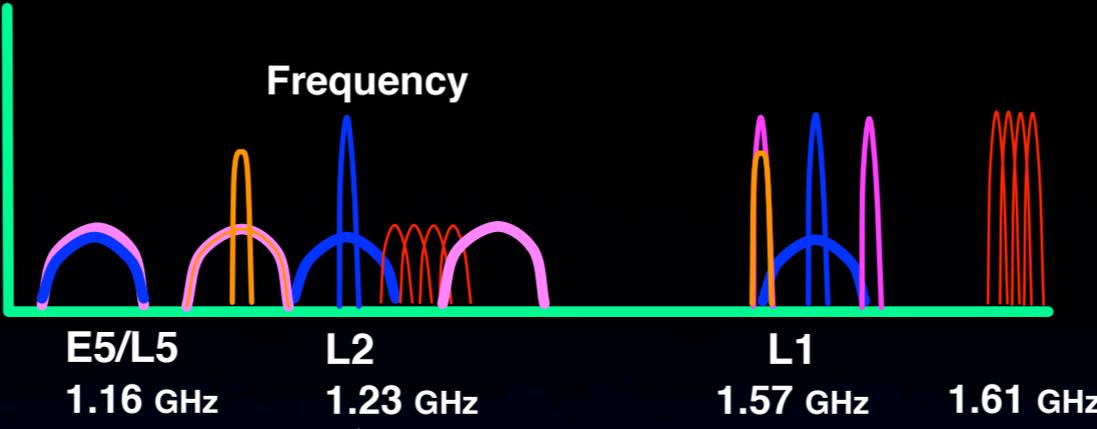


RF Processing





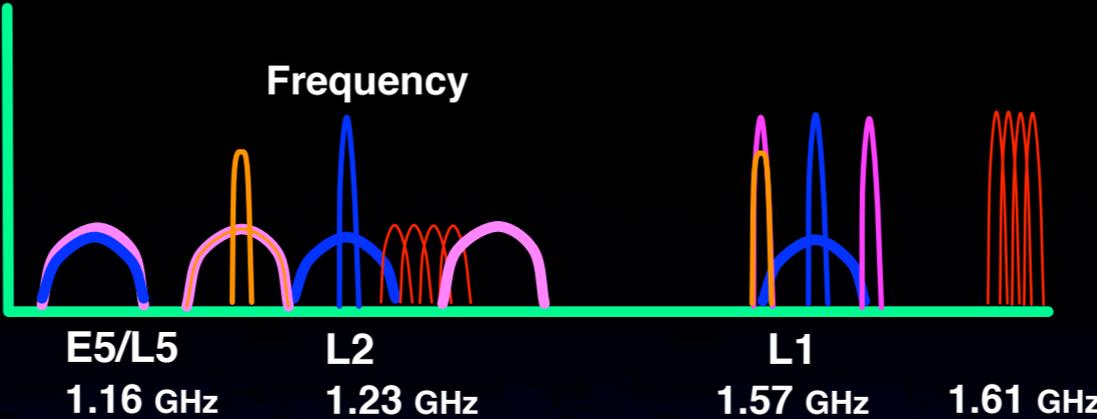
RF Processing



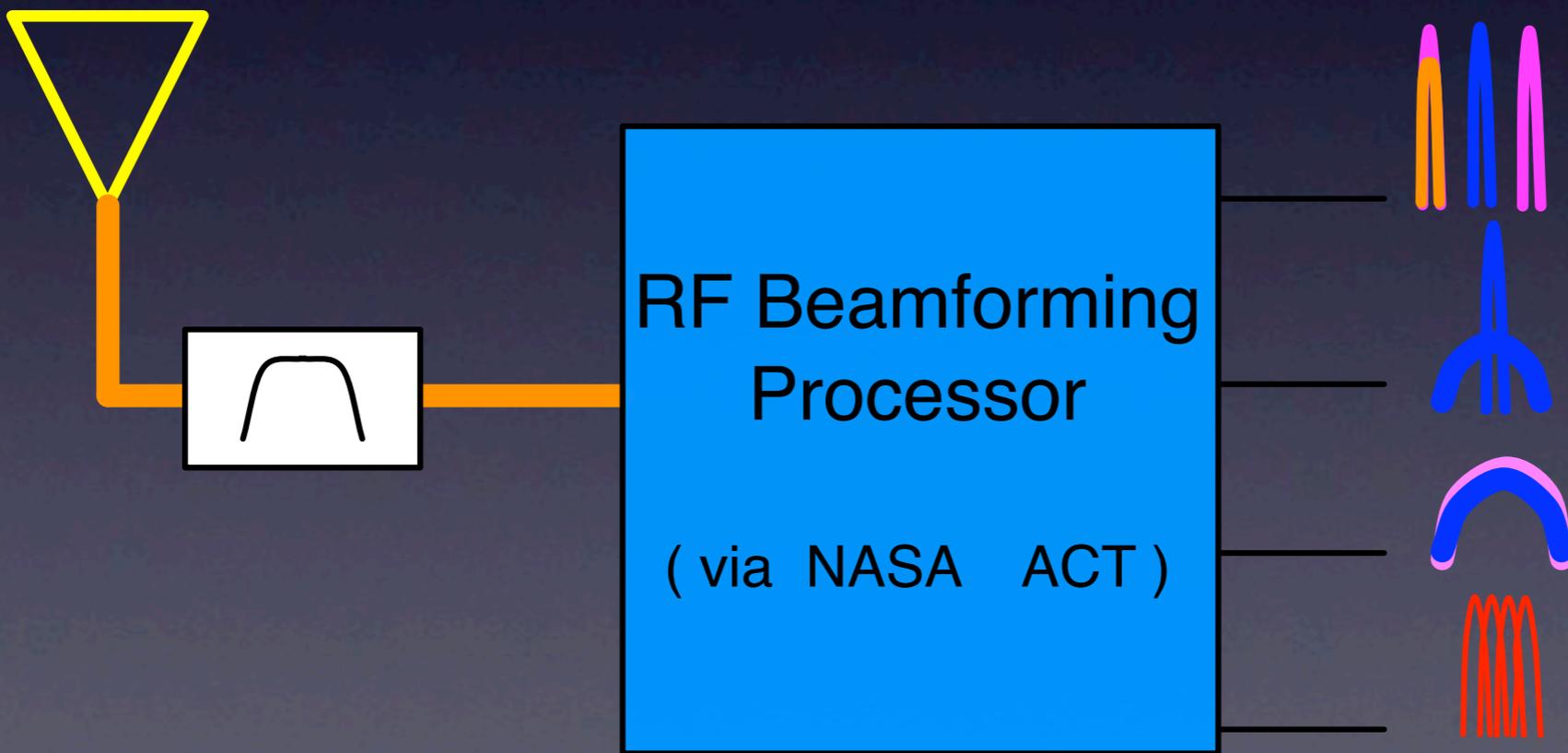
Current NASA tech processes these



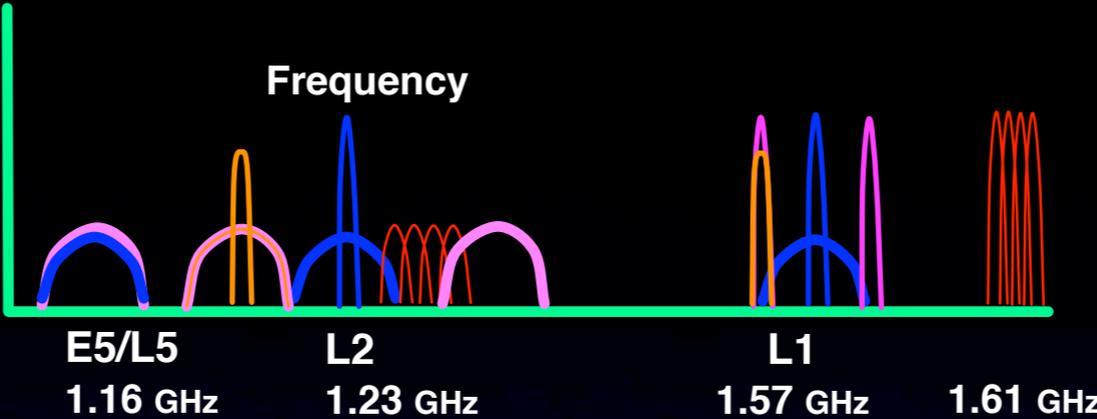
RF Processing



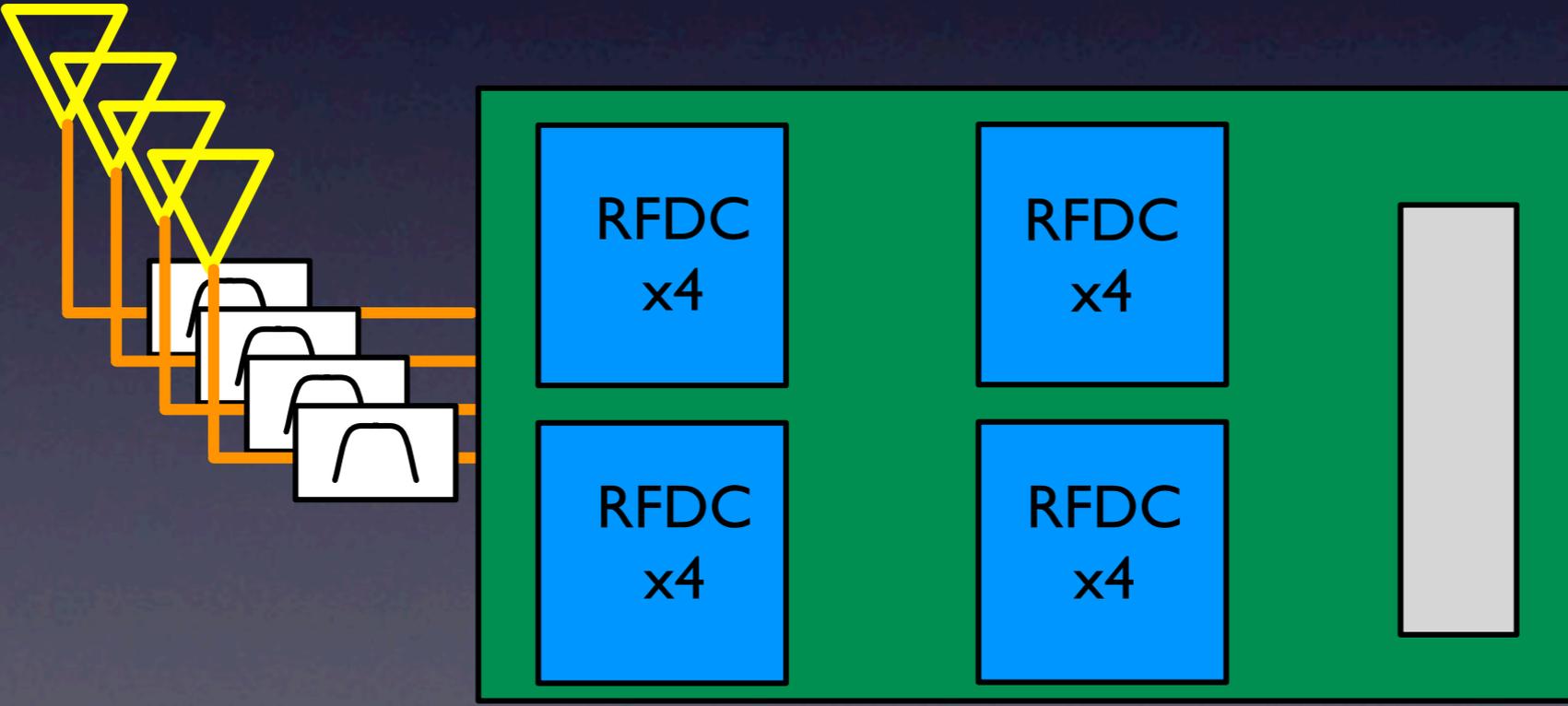
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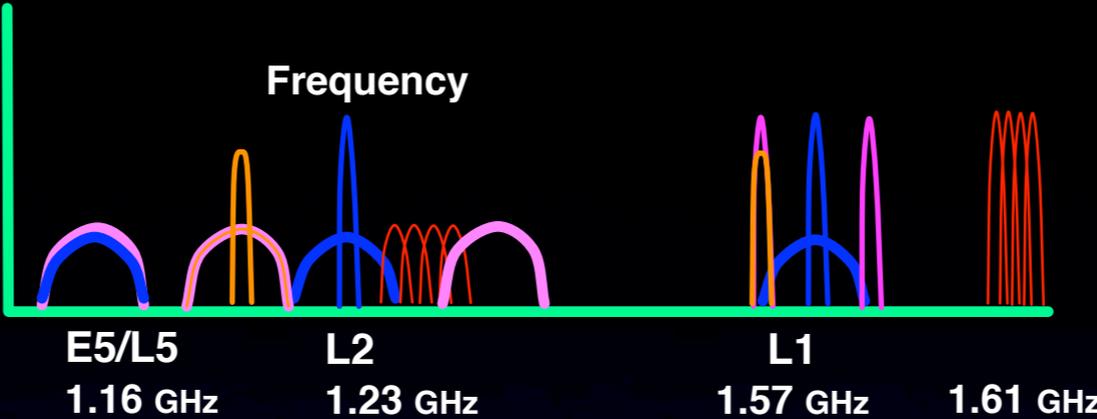
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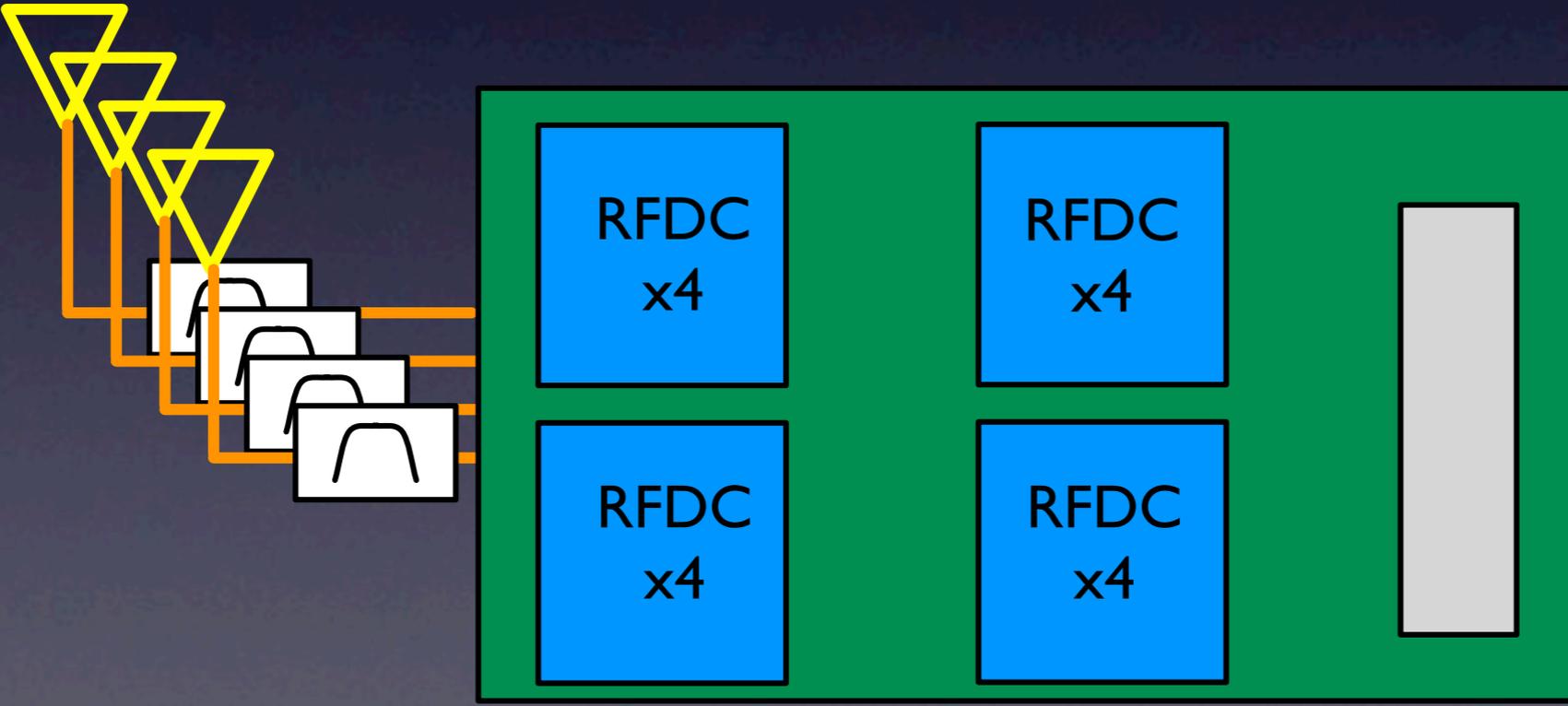
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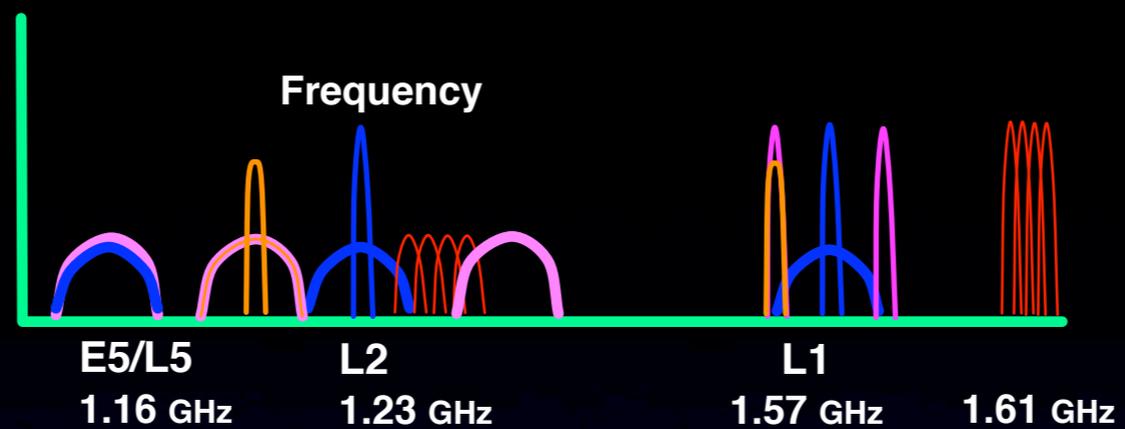
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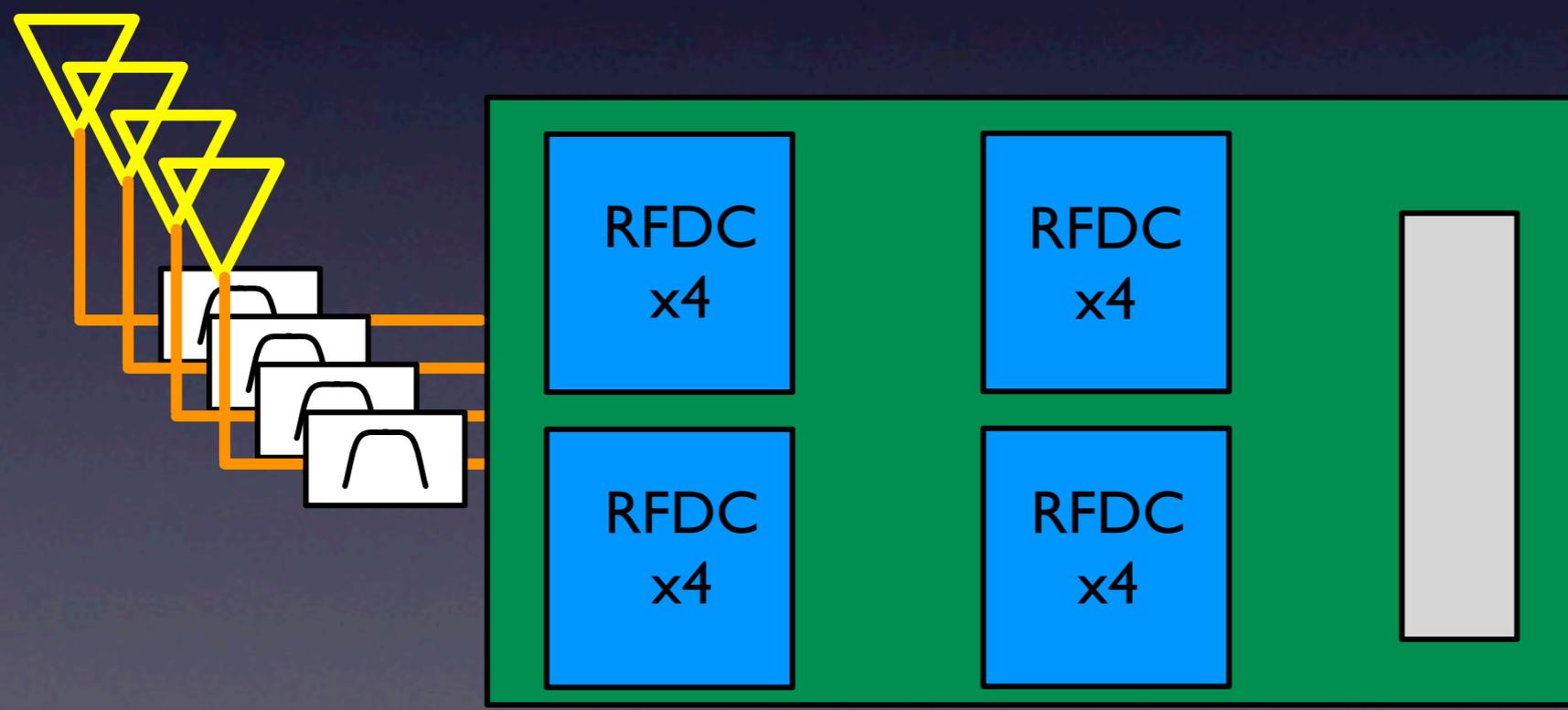
Newer NASA tech (TriG) processes these



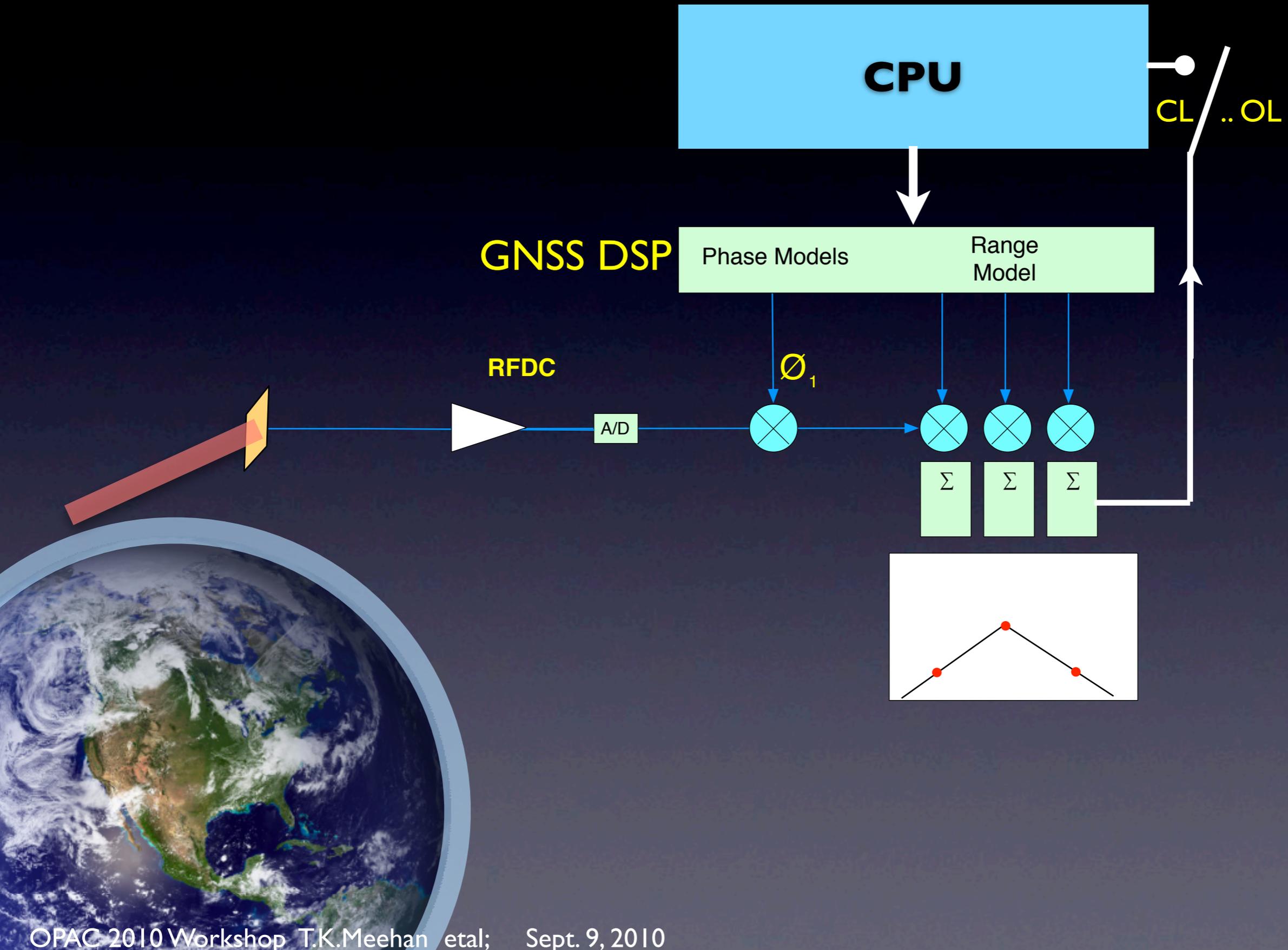
RF Processing



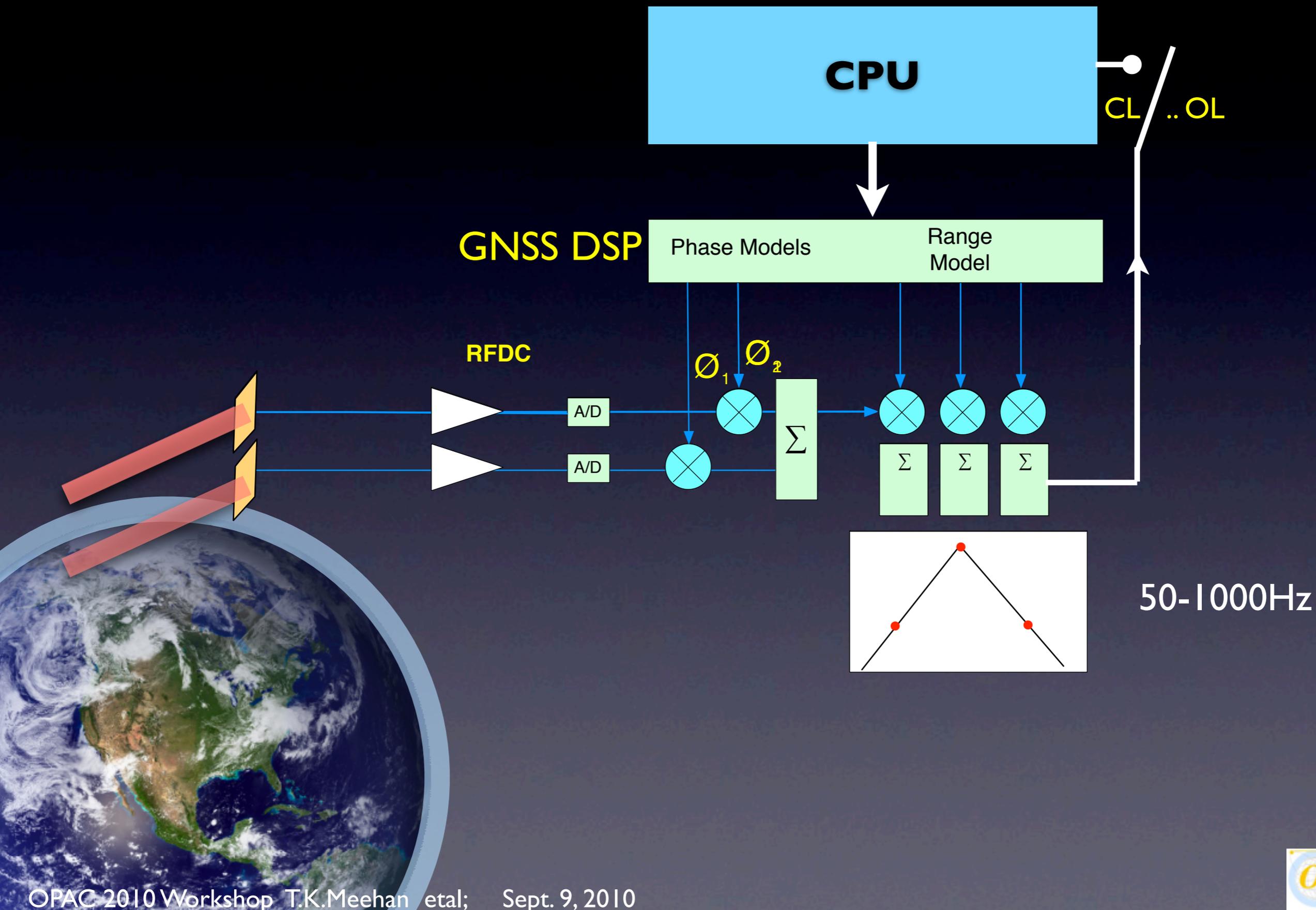
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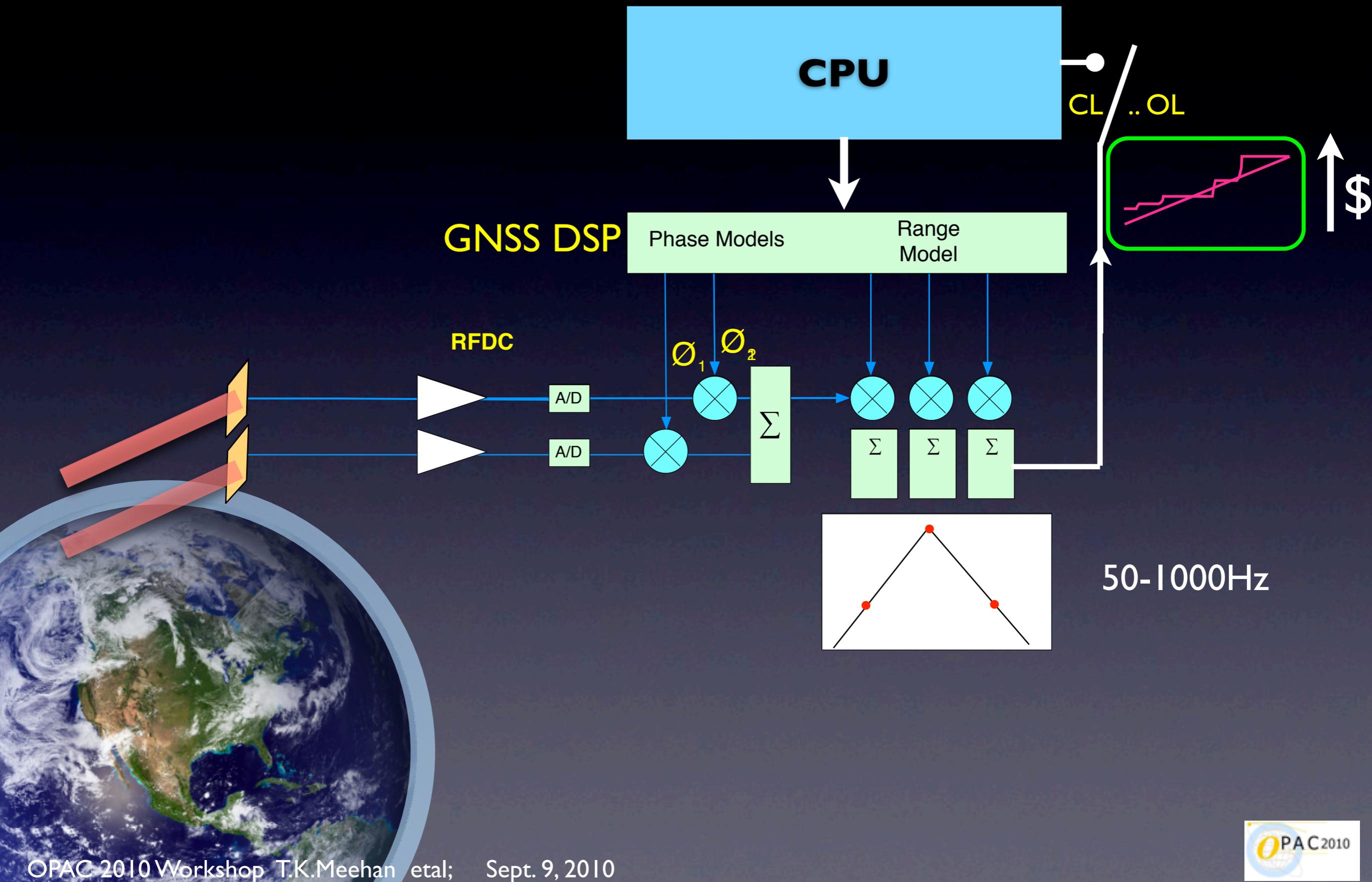
Processing for a Single Occultation



Processing for a Single Occultation



Processing for a Single Occultation



Requirements Sampling

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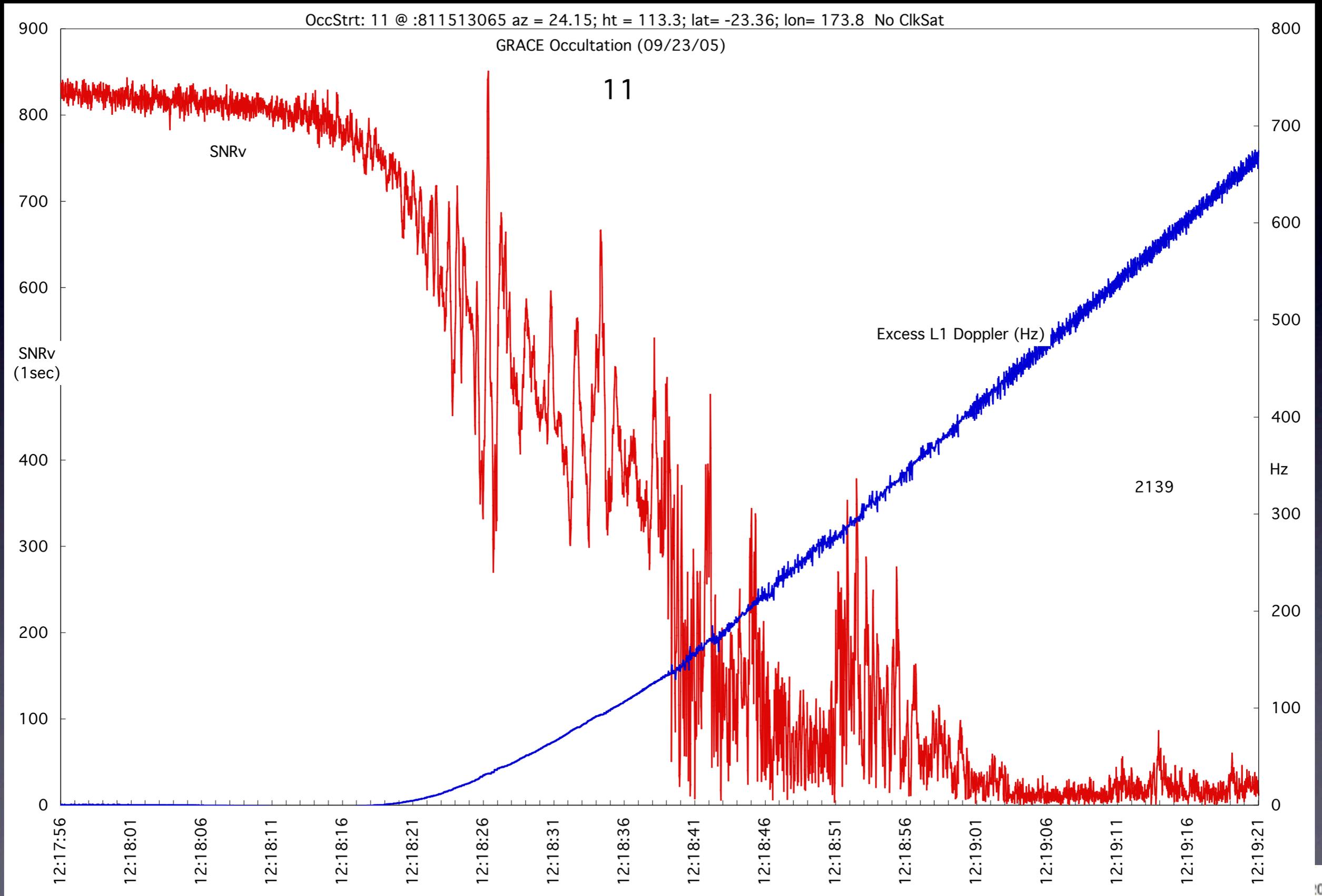
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Water Vapor Profiles		
5-1.16. Measurement Range [hPa partial pressure]	0 - 50	0 - 50
5-1.17. Measurement Uncertainty [RMS] [% in hPa]	15	10

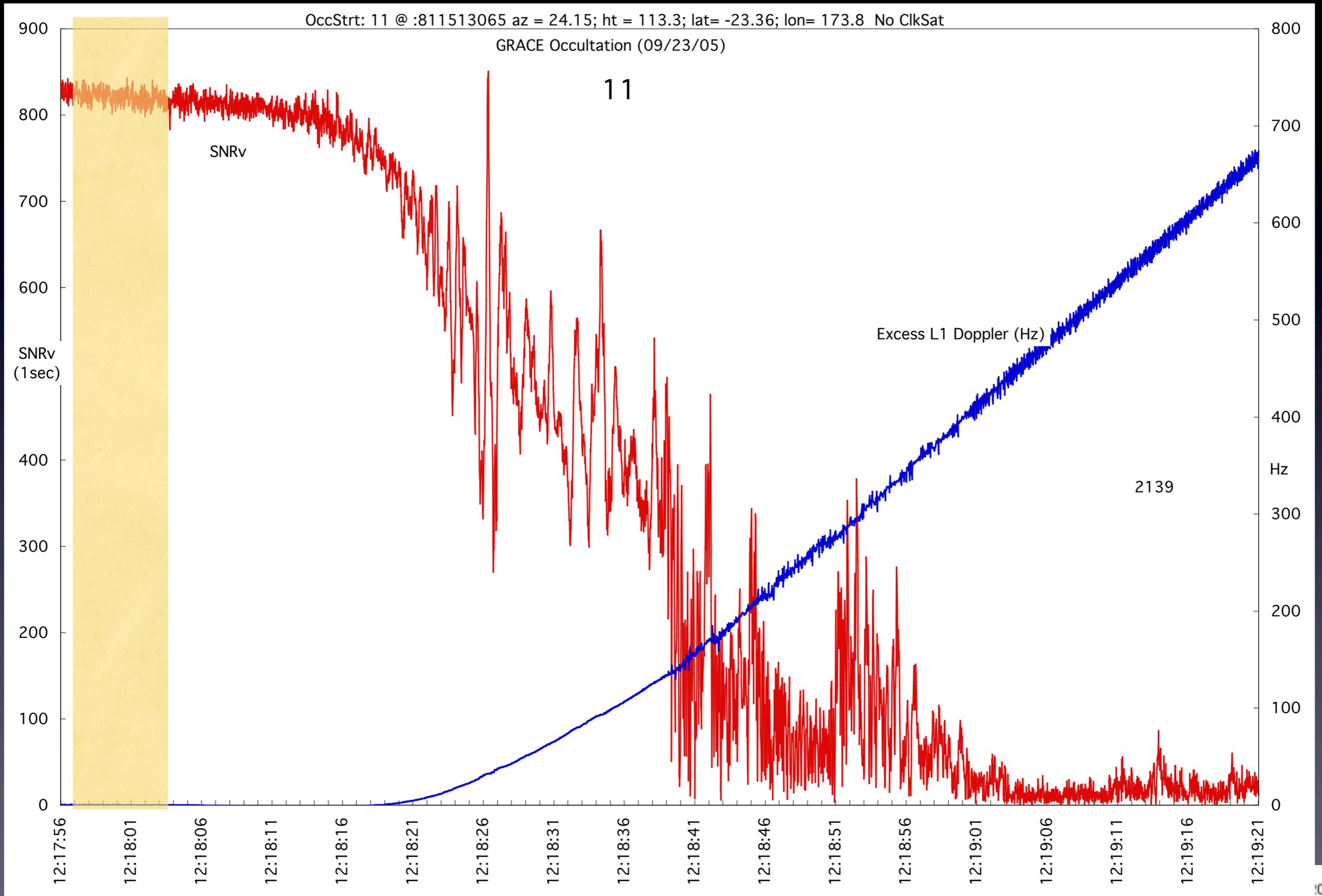
Requirements Sampling



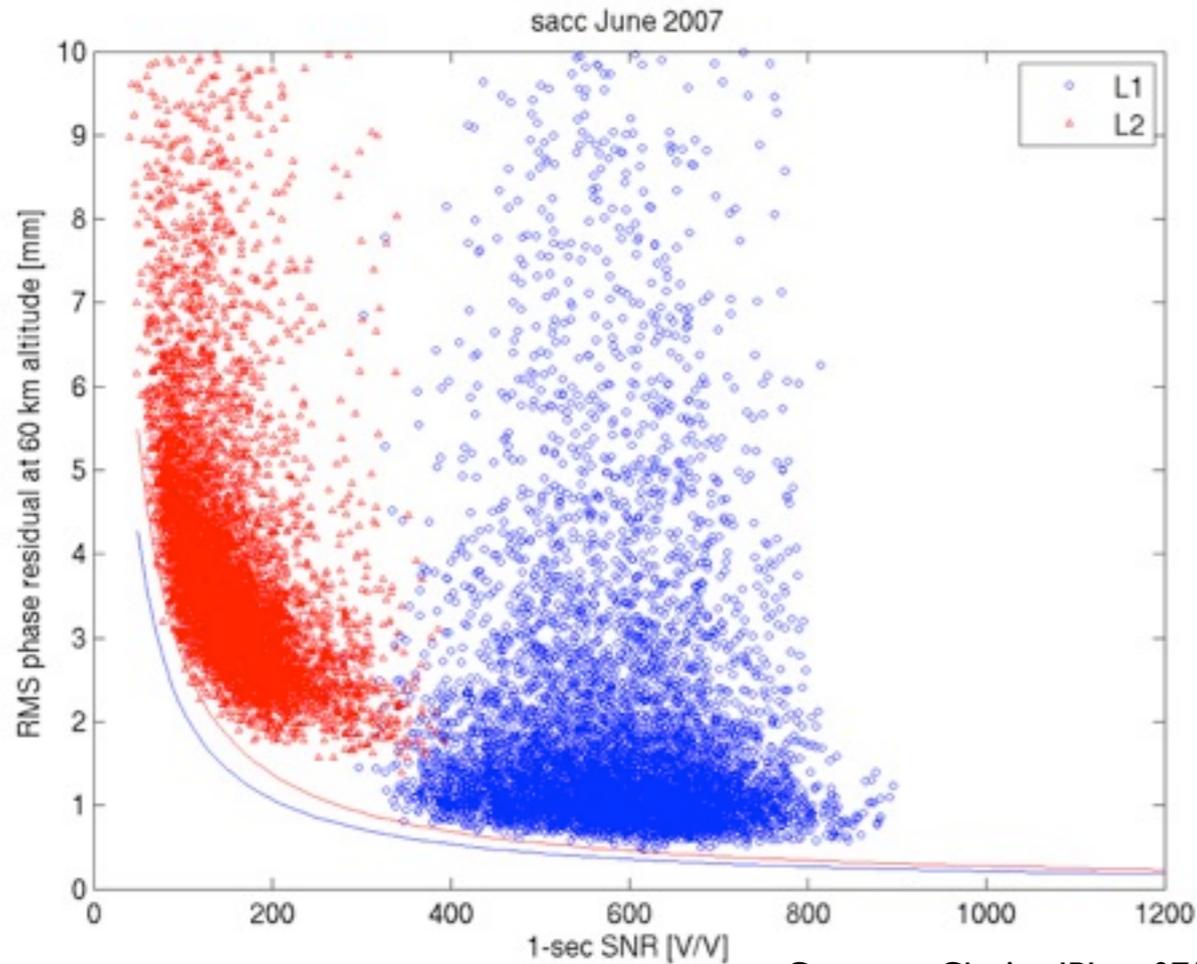
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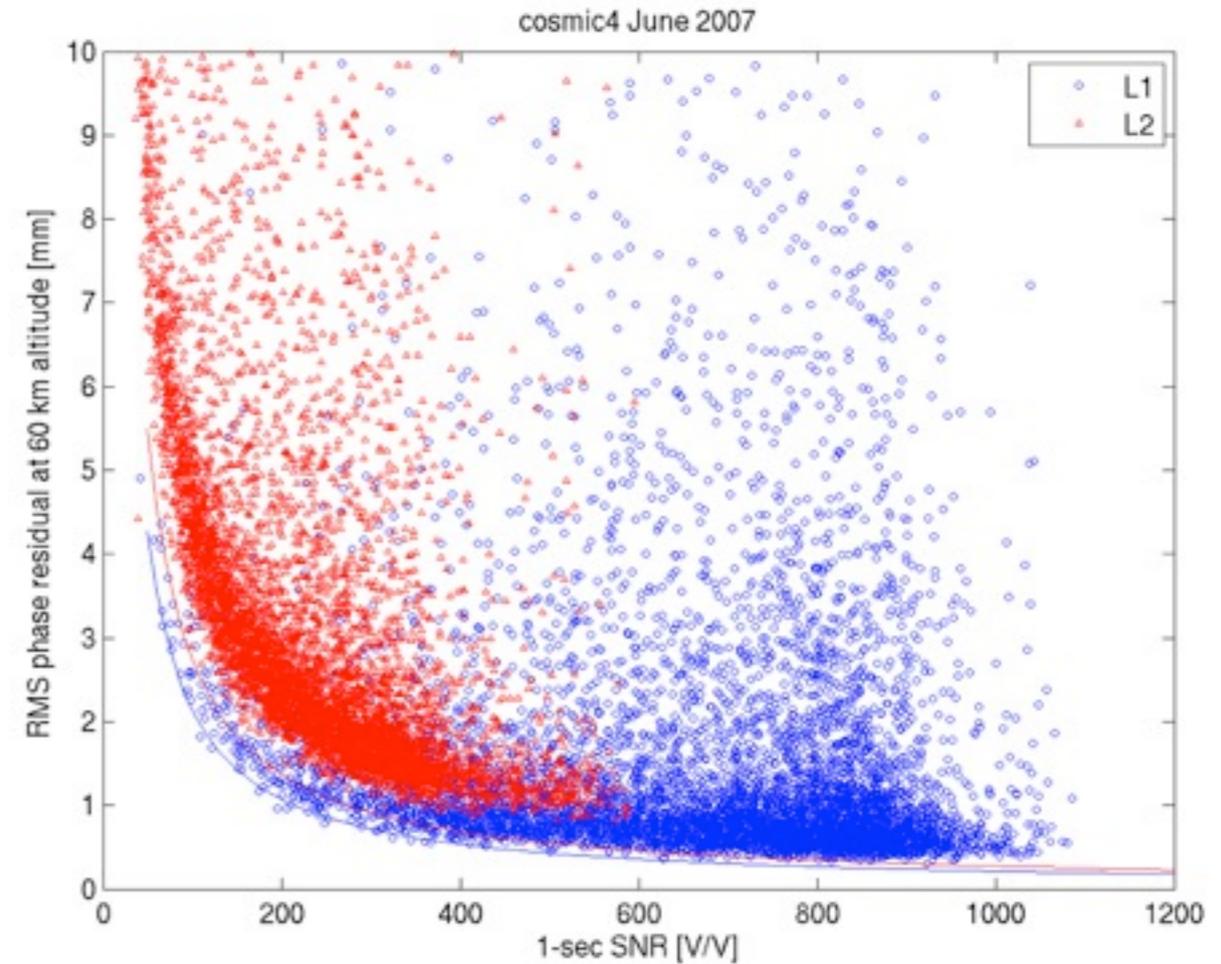
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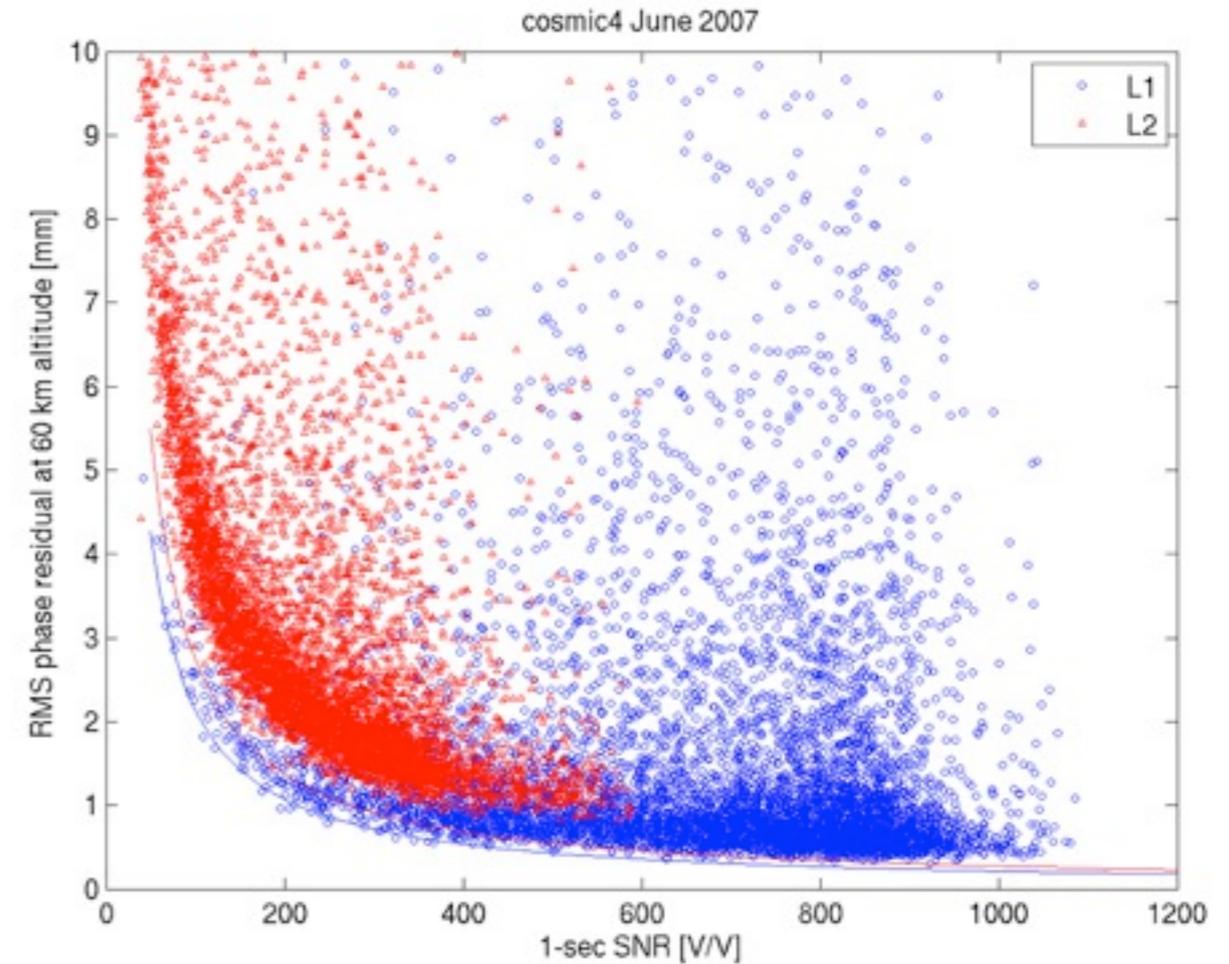
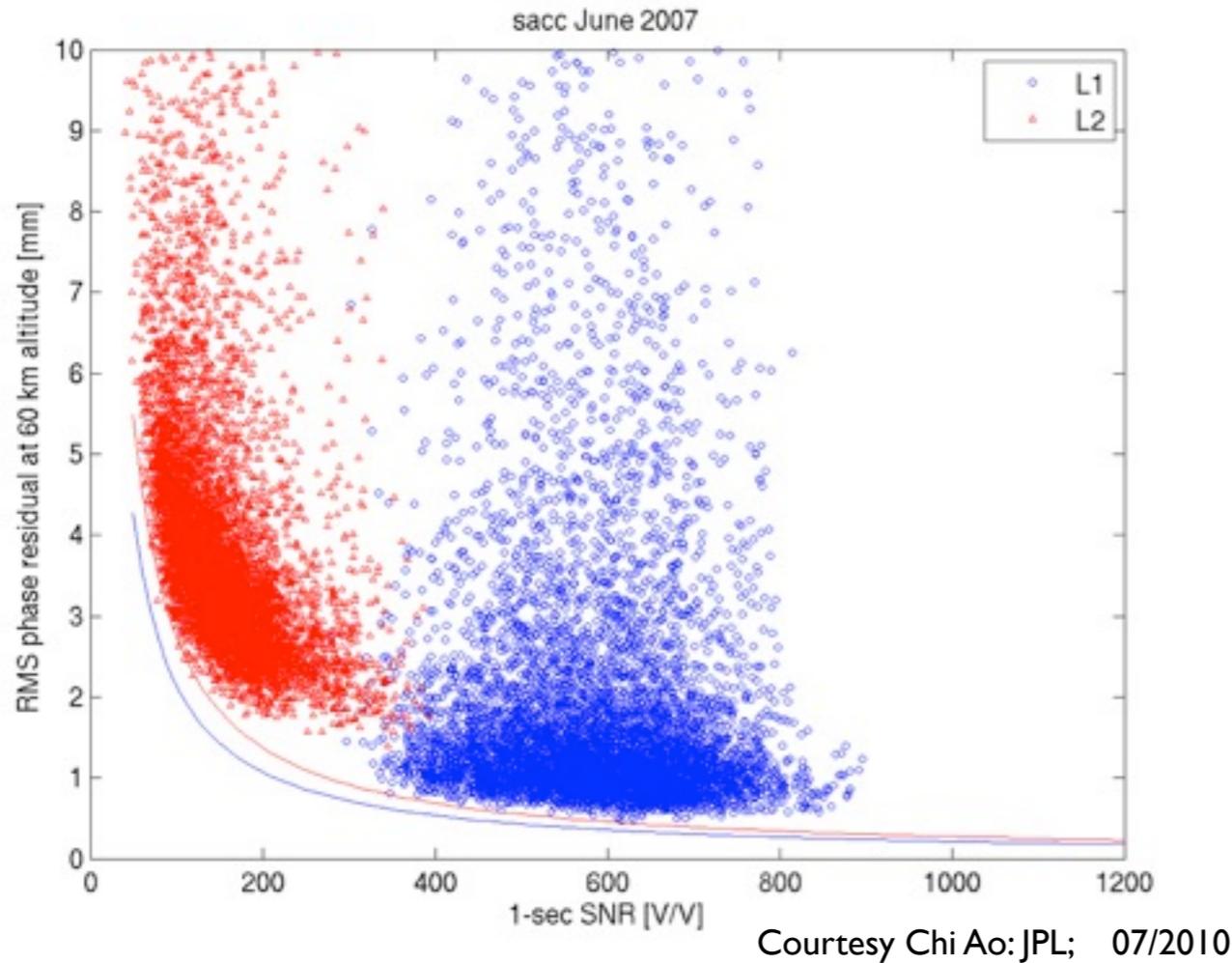
Same Instrument, Different Antennas



Courtesy Chi Ao: JPL; 07/2010

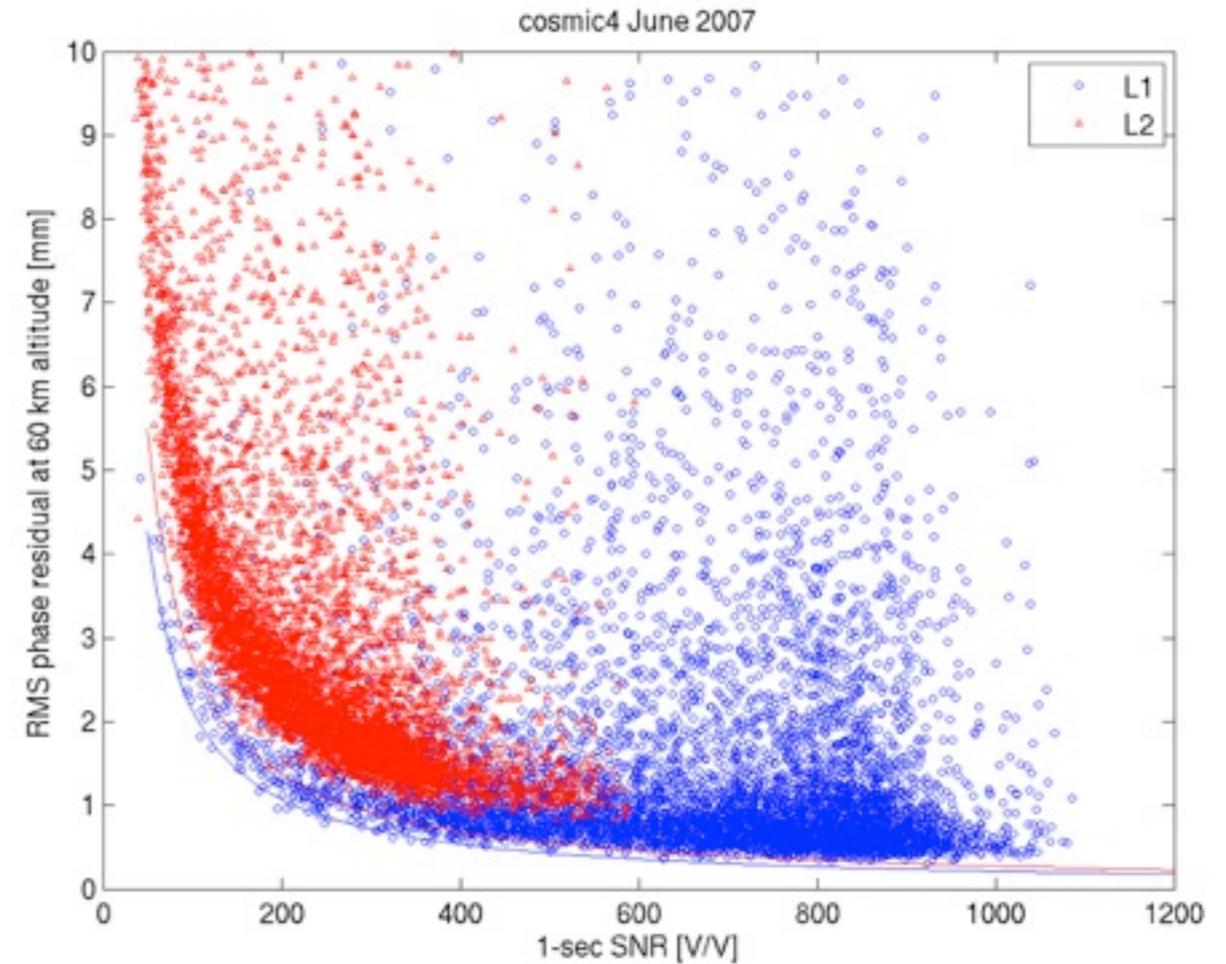
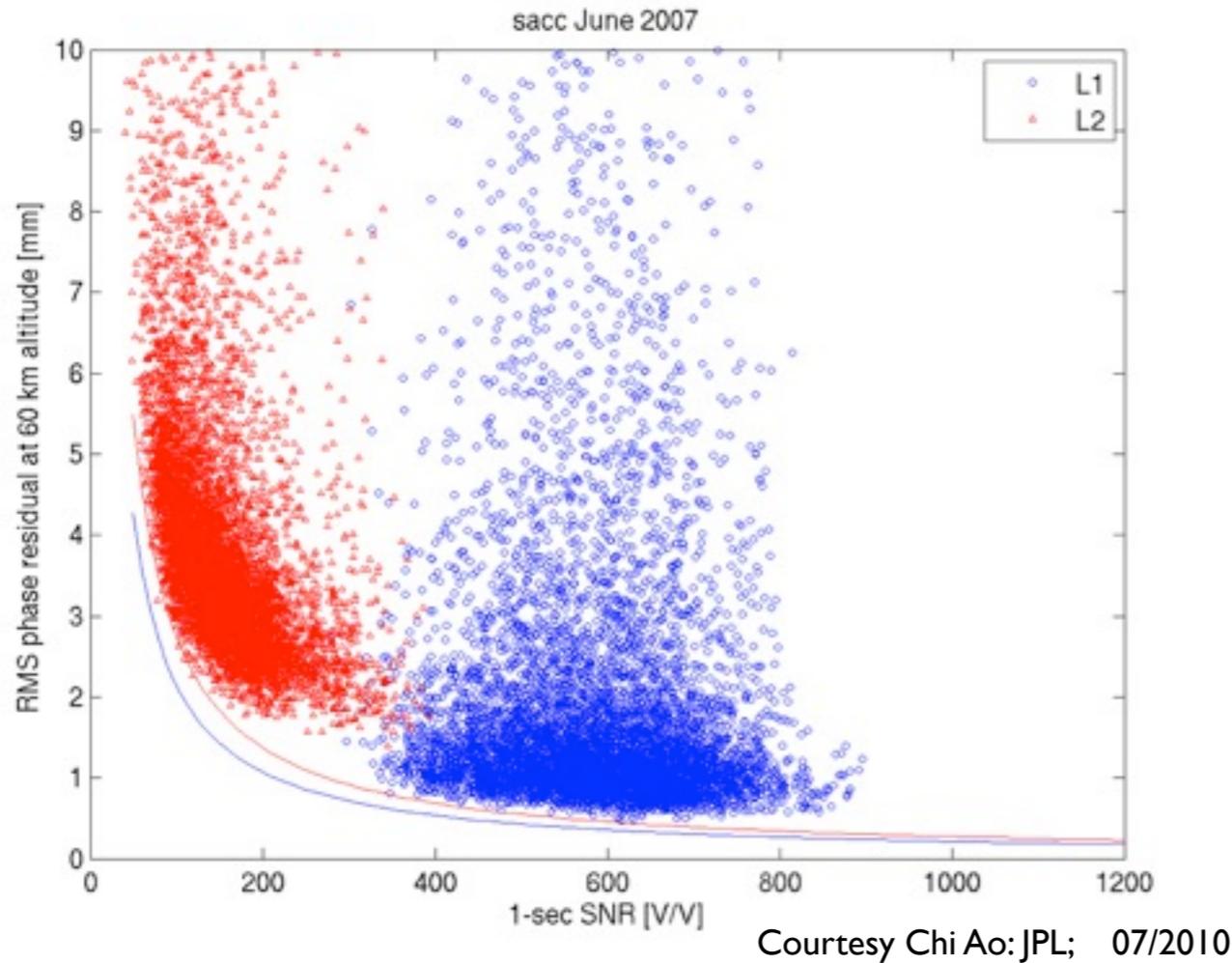


Same Instrument, Different Antennas



$$\text{delta_alpha [rad]} \sim \text{delta_doppler [km/s]} / v \text{ [km/s]}$$

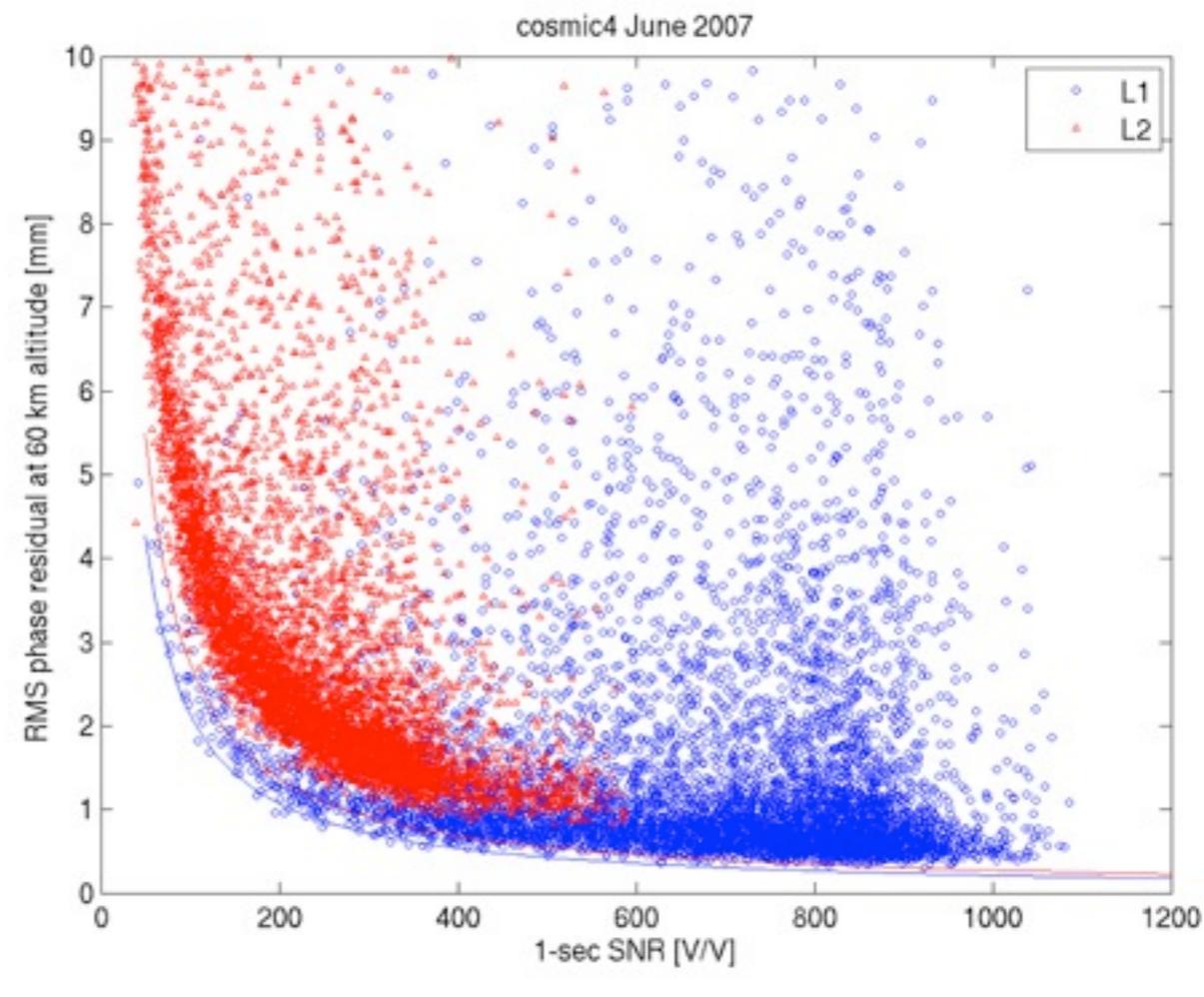
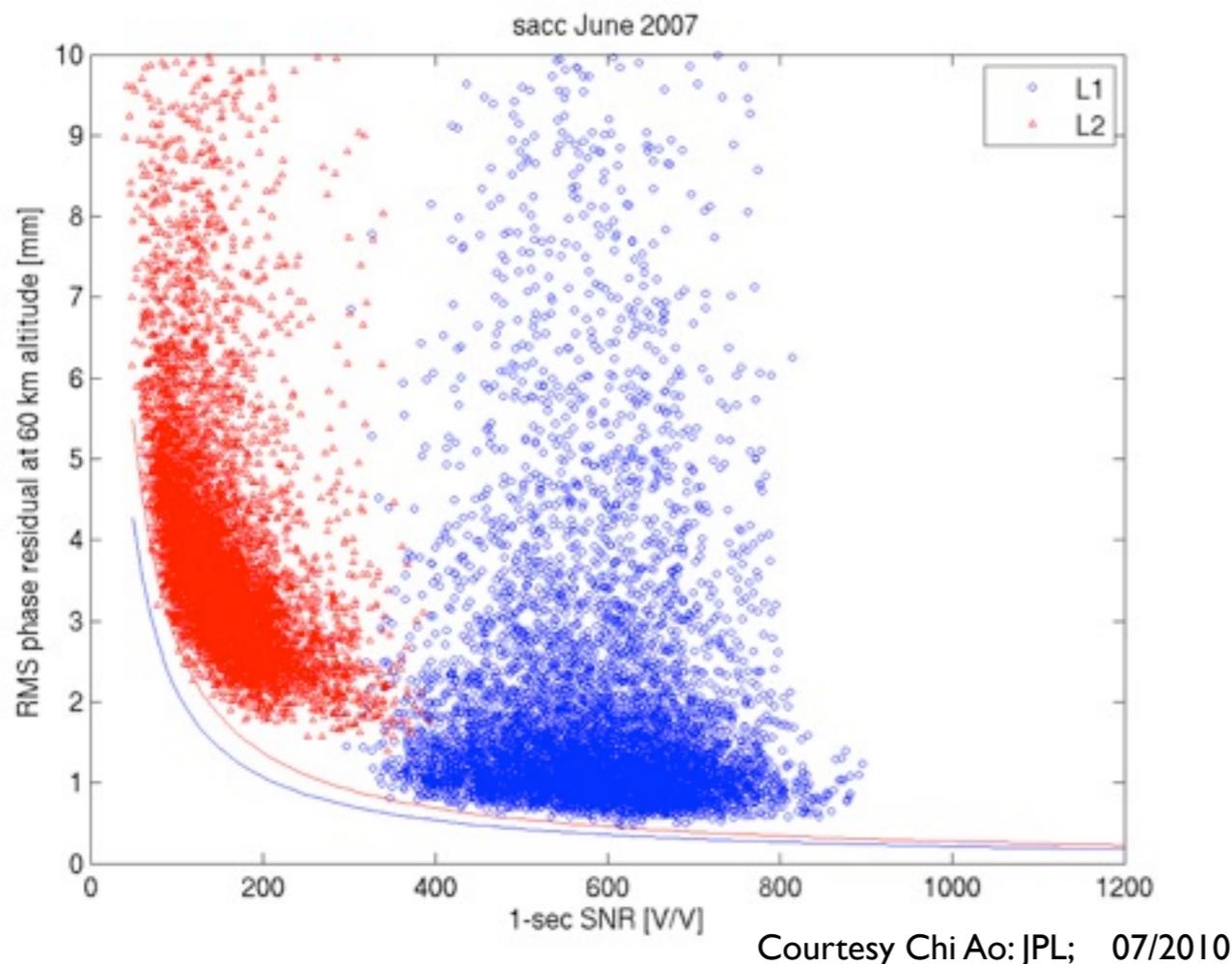
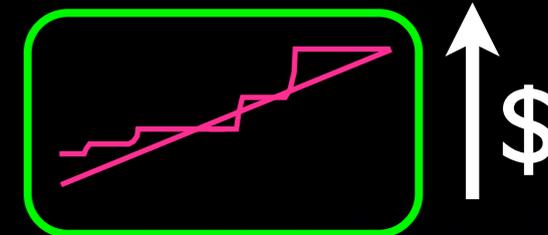
Same Instrument, Different Antennas



$$LC = 2.54L1 - 1.54L2$$

$$\text{delta_alpha [rad]} \sim \text{delta_doppler [km/s]} / v \text{ [km/s]}$$

Same Instrument, Different Antennas



$$LC = 2.54L1 - 1.54L2$$

$$\text{delta_alpha [rad]} \sim \text{delta_doppler [km/s]} / v \text{ [km/s]}$$

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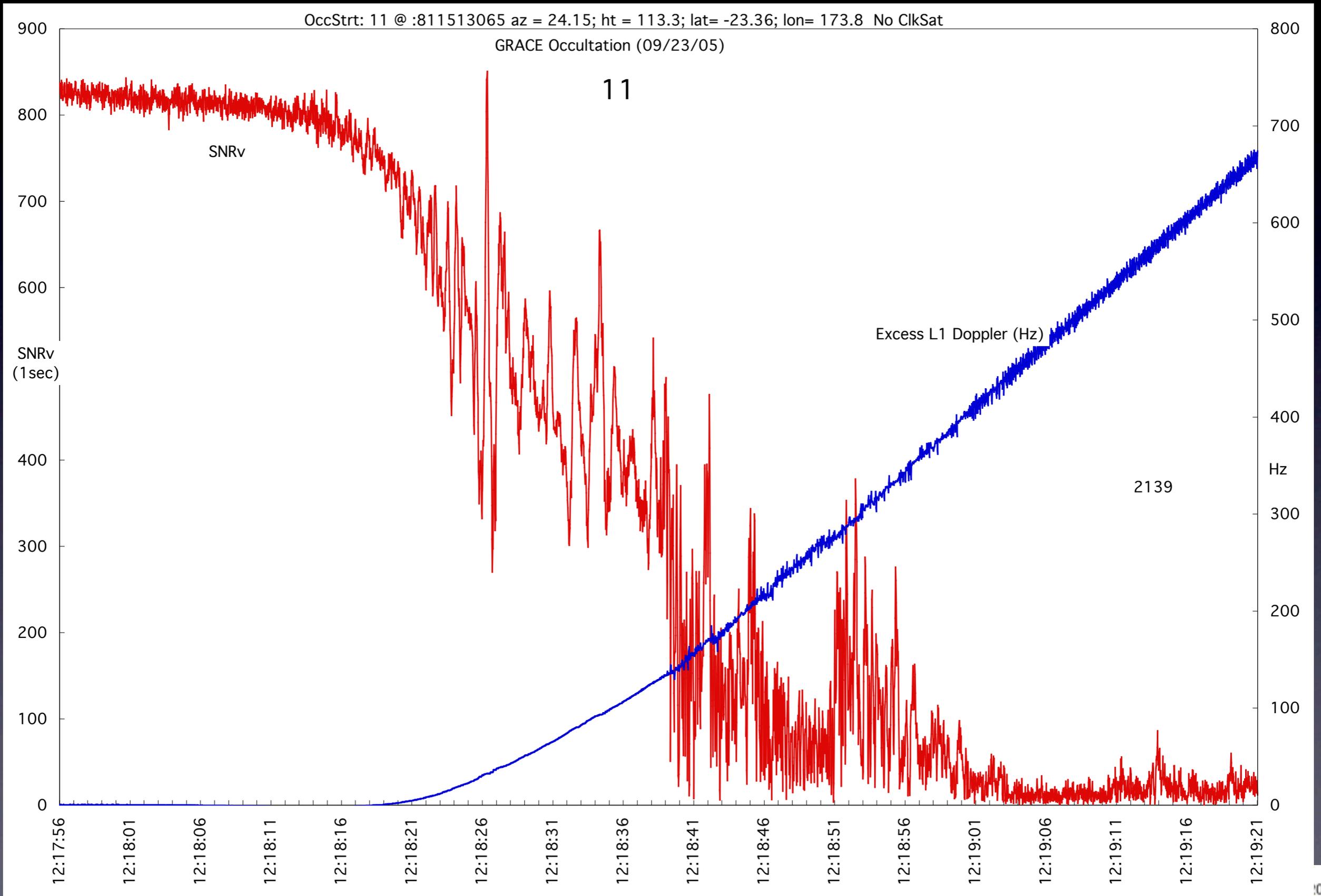
5.4.1 Data Processing

- 5.4.1.1 The GNSSRO Follow-on Capability shall receive raw satellite data from the ground stations and transform it into geophysical parameters and derived data products as defined in 5.1 through the mission duration.
- 5.4.1.2 The GNSSRO Follow-on Capability shall provide quality control processed data and products that meet or exceed the defined data quality requirements in 5.1 and data sampling requirements in 5.2.
- 5.4.1.3 The GNSSRO Follow-on Capability shall format the data products into image and data file formats.
- 5.4.1.4 The GNSSRO Follow-on Capability shall provide at least 70% (threshold) or 90% (objective) of the collected raw neutral atmosphere data as processed quality-controlled data products. For ionosphere EDP data, the corresponding values are 75% (threshold) and 90% (objective).
- 5.4.1.5 The GNSSRO Follow-on Capability shall provide at least 85/65% (in regions outside/within 30 deg N or S latitude) (threshold) or 90/70% (objective) of the raw refractivity and bending angle data profiles as quality controlled profiles down to within 1 km of the Earth's surface. At that altitude the profiles shall achieve 2.5/4.0% standard deviation relative to state-of-the-art numerical weather prediction models (NOAA Global Forecast System and European Center for Medium range Weather Forecasts)
- 5.4.1.6 The GNSSRO Follow-on Capability shall provide for compatibility with all the current COSMIC ground processing capabilities – Taiwan Mission Control Center, NOAA ground stations, COSMIC Data Analysis and Archival Center, and Taiwan Analysis Center for COSMIC

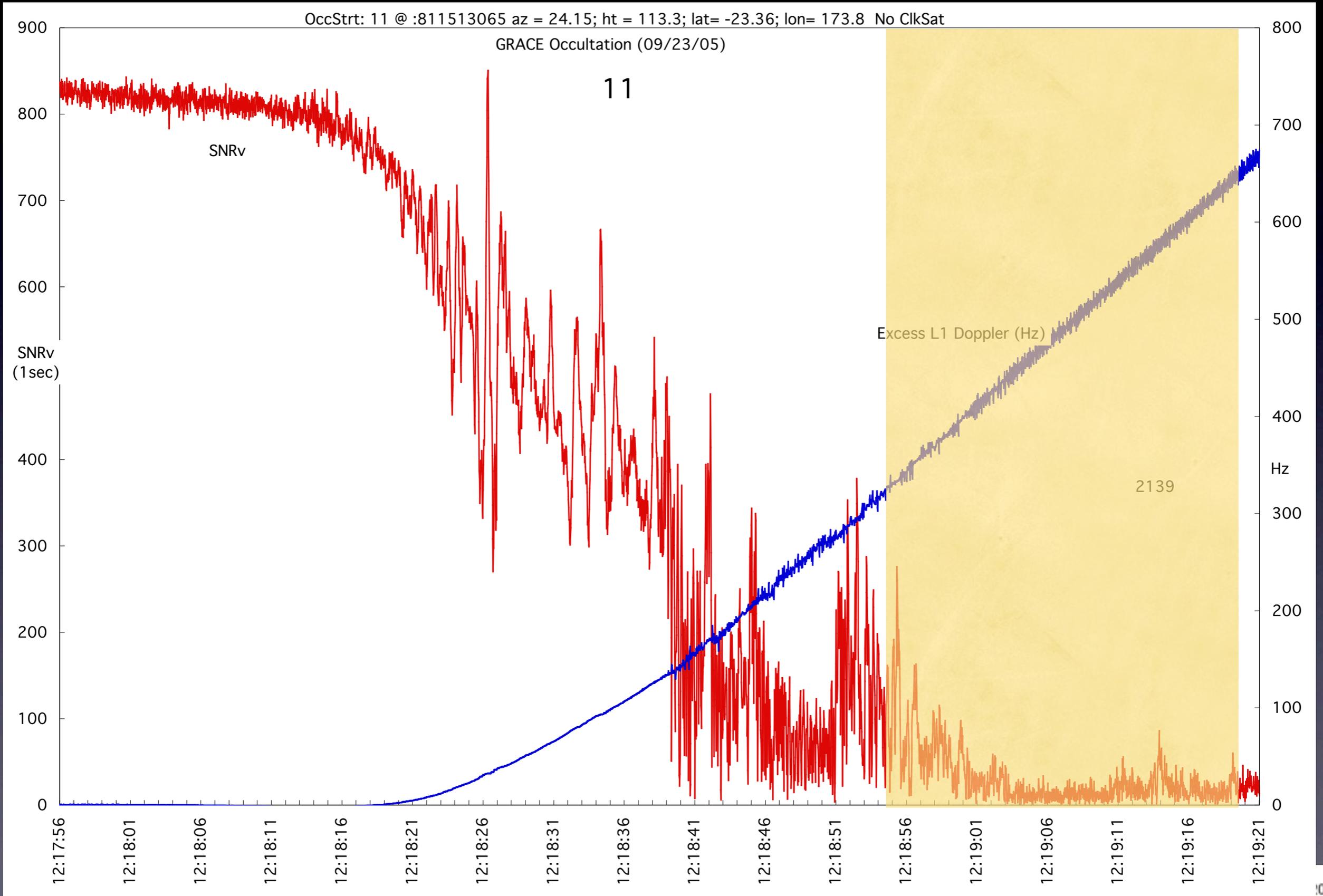
Requirements Sampling

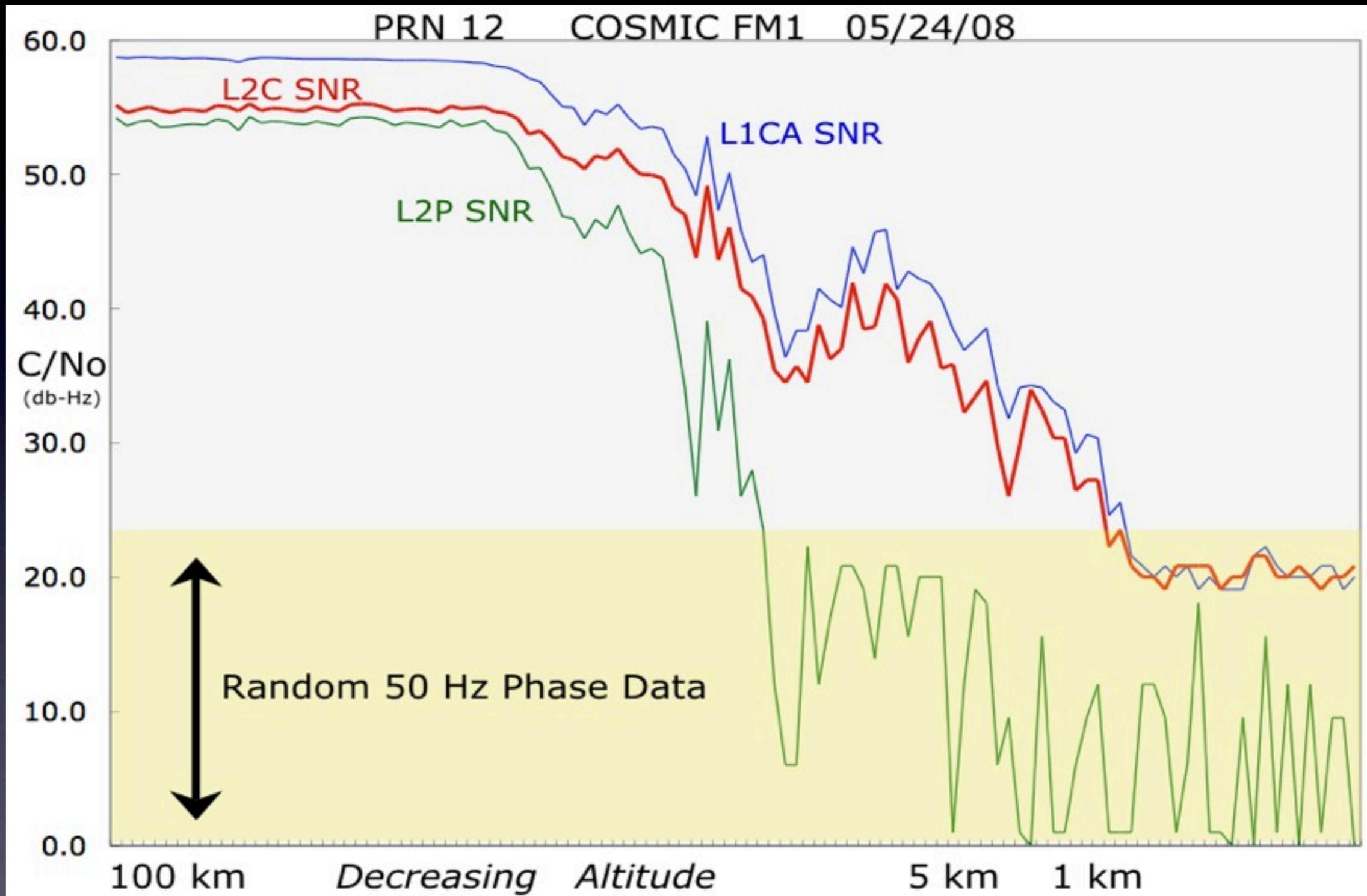


Requirements Sampling



Requirements Sampling

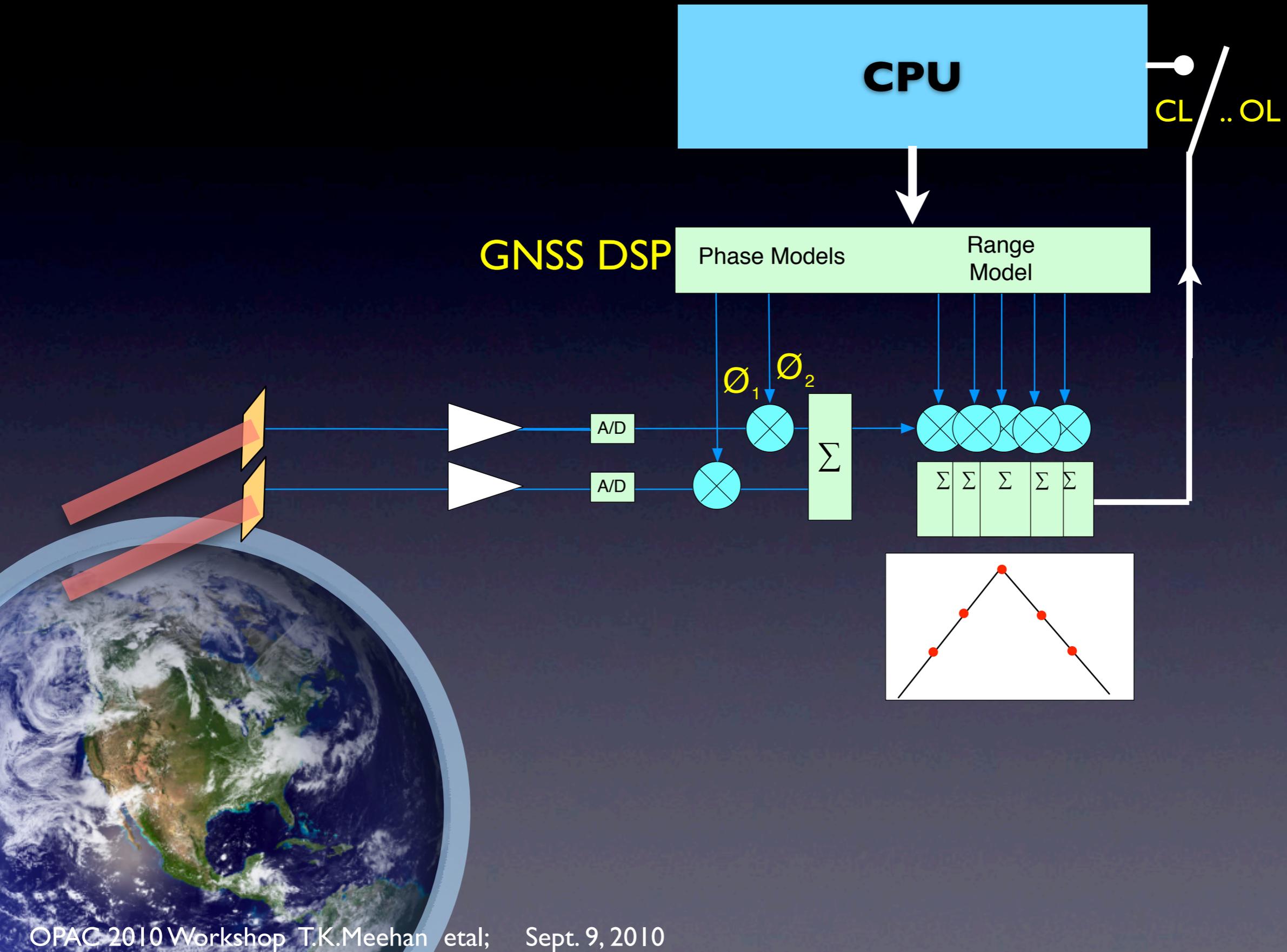




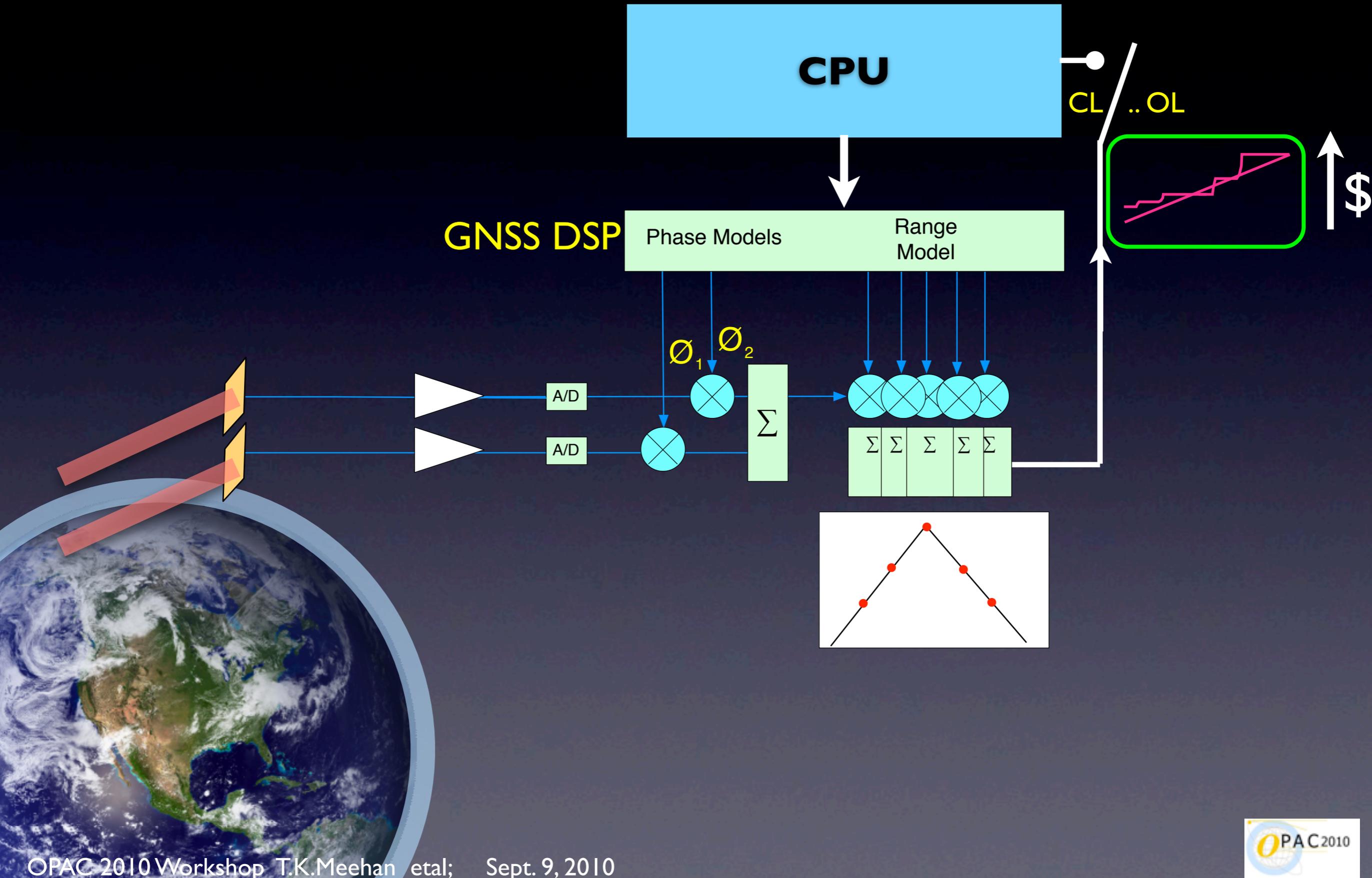
Meehan et al; Institute of Navigation Proceedings Sept 2008



Processing for a Single Occultation



Processing for a Single Occultation





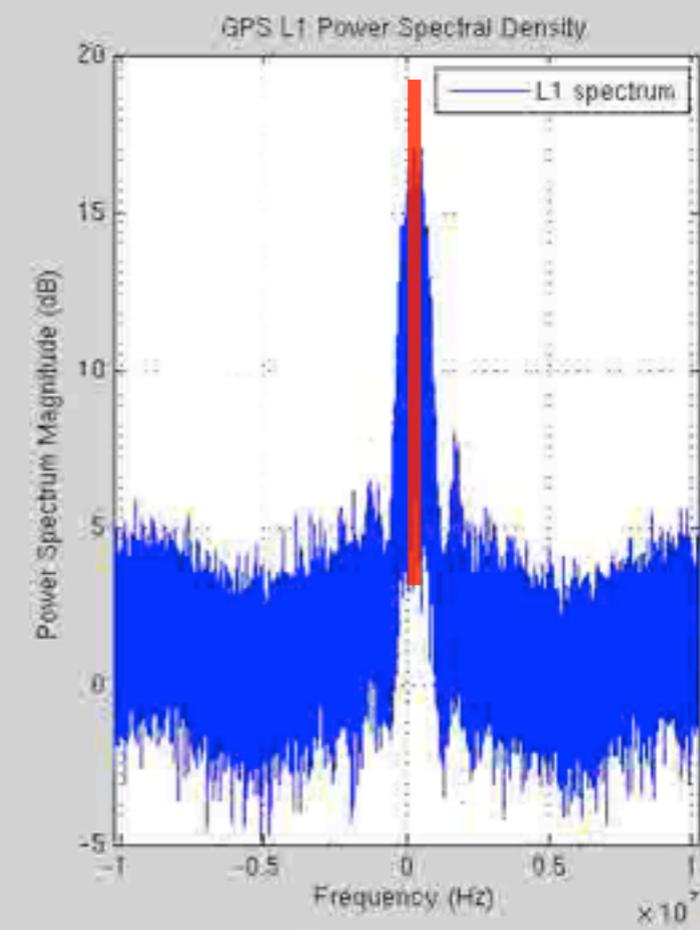
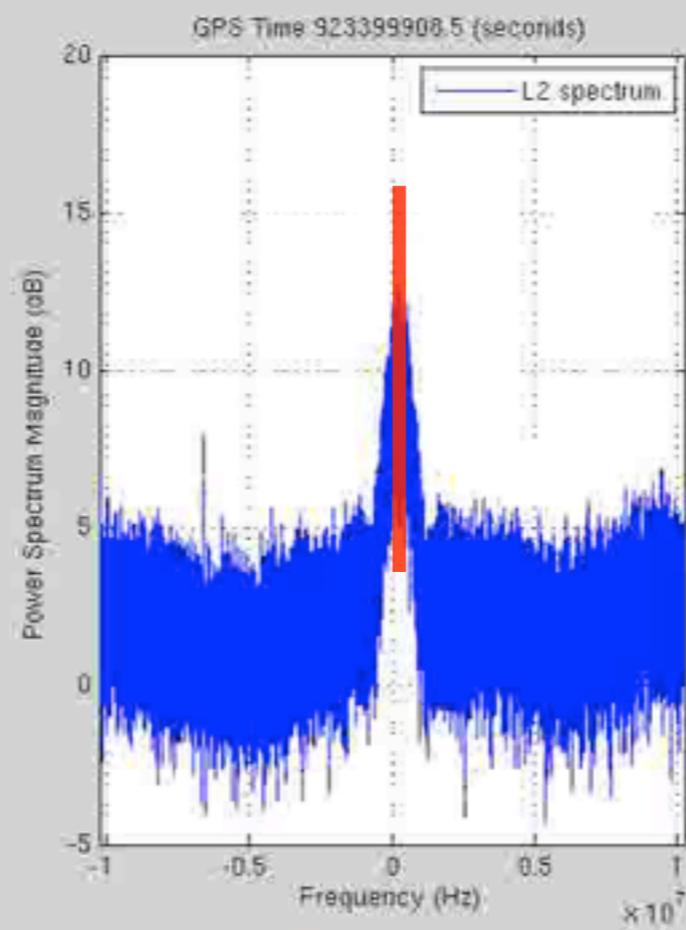
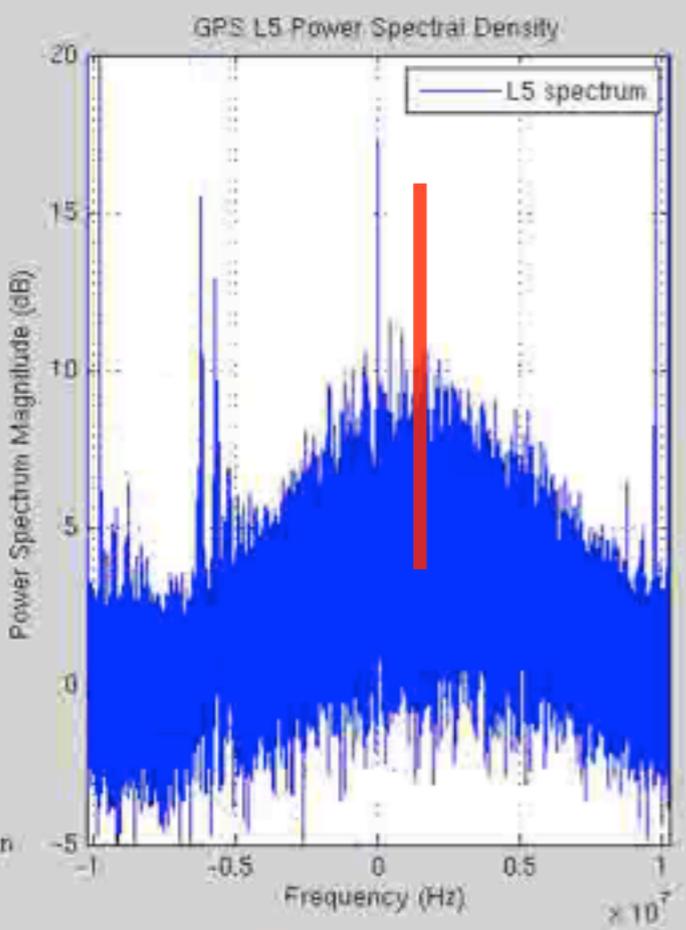


GPS L1/L2/L5 spectra captured for SV49 at 11:58:14 (UTC) 10 April 2009 during the GPS L5 turn-on event

3 meter antenna used at JPL in Pasadena, CA, USA

20MHz complex samples captured with JPL's TOGA receiver and post-processed in MATLAB

Stephan Esterhuizen
Larry Young
Caltech/JPL 2009



Summary

- TriG .. |trig| (~~Triple-G~~ ; ~~Tri-G~~)
Development In Early Stages; EM in 2 yrs
- Requirements Generation for Neutral Atmosphere (Weather & Climate) and Space Weather Underway
- Modernized GPS & Galileo Baselined;
GLONASS FDMA Feasible to Add
- Specialized Signal Processing for Lower Troposphere
- USO under consideration